San Francisco.

N. W. SPAULDING,

-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

19 Fremont St., between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO

W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH R... TED IN CIRCULAR SAWS

PAIRING in all its branches, such as Gumming, ...oothing, Straightening, &c

REGULAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross cut Mill ...y, Gang, Rack, Butcher, and Hand-Saws of all ... ther with a good assortment of Saw Arbours and ... arket rates

st-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING ...TERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice. ... Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Jamestown Merchants Portland, Oregon, are my duly ...rtised Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho. ...ders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise ... be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

P. LIESENFELD'S

...LIARD TABLE MANUFACTORY

...71 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Sole Agents

ON THE PACIFIC COAST

FOR

PHELAN & COLLENDER'S

...W DESIGN BEVELED TABLE patented June 22, ... also, the KUREKA WIRE CUSHION, Patented ... 21, 1871, and the celebrated Combination Cushion ... hand, a large assortment of Billiard Goods. ... the new patent Bagatelle, called MONITOR, ... ed Sept. 10, 1872.

DR. WONSER'S

INDIAN ROOT BITTERS

U.S.A.

STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF EVERY DISEASE ... which lies in the Liver and the Blood. ... LERS, CONSTIPATION, CHRONIC COUGHS, ... PEPSIA, FEVER AND AGUE, KIDNEY, ALL ... OUS and MOST CHRONIC DISEASES. THEY HAVE ... O EQUAL IN CASES OF FEMALE WEAKNESS.

WM HAWKINS, Agent and Manufacturer, ... 418 Sacramento street, bet. Sansome and Battery, San Francisco

For sale everywhere. R MARTIN & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

FOUNDRYMEN, BLACKSMITHS AND CARRIAGE-MAKERS.

SELECTED OLD COMPANY'S LEHIGH COAL, ... Jackson Creek, Cask and Bulk Cumberland Coal, ... rd and Soft PIG IRON.—Being a specialty, the most ... selected with great care for interior construction.

J. H. DOYLE,

... and 415 Pacific street, 220 East Street Wharf, between ... Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco

L. P. FISHER,

ADVERTISING AGENT,

Rooms 20 & 21 Merchants' Exchange, California st., San Francisco,

SOLICITS ADVERTISEMENTS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS for the DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN and ... are published in California, Oregon and Nevada, ... also, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Colorado, Arizona ... adjacent Territories, Sandwich Islands, the British ... possessions, Mexican Ports, Nicaragua, Panama, Yokohama, Japan and China; New Zealand and the Australian Colonies, the Atlantic States and Europe

ADVERTISING

Has created many a new business;
Has enlarged many an old business;
Has revived many a dull business;
Has rescued many a lost business;
Has saved many a failing business;
Has preserved many a large business;
And insured success in any business.

GIRARD'S SECRET—Stephen Girard said in my old age: "I have always considered advertising as my best friend, being the great medium of success in life, and the prelude to wealth. And I have made it a invariable rule to advertise in dull times as well as the best, long experience having taught me that money spent is well laid out, as by continually keeping the name before the public it has secured many sales that otherwise would have lost."

ADVERTISE YOUR BUSINESS.

KEEP YOUR NAME BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING INSURES A FORTUNE

IF BUSINESS IS DULL, ADVERTISE.

IF BUSINESS IS BRISK, ADVERTISE.

The man who didn't believe in advertising has gone into partnership with the sheriff, and that settles the advertising.

New York.

J. M. KEELER & CO.,

95 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT. Lithman, Hall and Cape Horn, with S. F. Produce ... nections, all classes and varieties of Merchandise ... sale of Exports from the North-West. ... Advances made on approved consignments, and sales ... promptly solicited. All orders and business will ... ceive prompt attention. REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank, ... lege Place and Chambers St., Messrs A. L. & J. ... son, 98 Liberty street; Messrs. J. L. Brown & ... bankers, 23 Broad street; Messrs Denny, Miller ... 84 Grand street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & ... Bankers, Portland; Hon. E. D. Shattuck, Portland; ... Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem. A. A. McCully, Esq., Salem.

TO ADVERTISERS.

ALL PERSONS WHO CONTEMPLATE MAKING ... contracts with newspapers for the insertion of ... advertisements should send to

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.

for a Circular, or inclose 25 cents for their One Hundred Page Pamphlet, containing Lists of 3000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost of advertising, also many useful hints to advertisers, and a ... count of the experience of men who are known as successful Advertisers. This firm are proprietors of the American Newspaper Advertising Agency,

41 PARK ROW, N.Y.

and are possessed of unequalled facilities for securing the insertion of Advertisements in all Newspapers and ... rates at lowest rates. Jan1d

PORTLAND,

Library Association

ROOMS,

CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,

OVER LADD & TILTON'S BANK.

NEARLY 5,000 VOLUMES

AND

OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS

Membership Free to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00—payable Quarterly

DIRECTORS:

WILLIAM S. LADD, ADDISON C. GIBBS,
PHILIP SCHUYLER, Jr. C. H. LEWIS,
MATTHEW P. DEADY, M. W. PEOPLES,
H. W. CORBETT, H. FAILING,
H. BRACKETT, L. BLUM.

H. WAKEFIELD, President.
H. FAILING, Vice President.
P. C. SCHUYLER Jr., Treasurer.
W. FECHEIMER, Corresponding Secretary.
HENRY A. DIX, Librarian and Rec. Sec.

To Exempt Firemen

APPLICATIONS OF EXEMPT MEMBERS OF THE ... Fire Department for the new Exempt Certificate ... Badges will be received at the office of the Secretary ... the Fire Department for sixty days from the ... roof. At the expiration of this time the Exempts ... be justified and the Certificates and Badges issued ... ose who have applied according to the authority ... ibership upon the Register

...till further notice, the Secretary of the Fire Department ... it may be found at his office, third story of ... Building, from 9 o'clock A M to 4 P M each day, Sundays excepted

C. BALL, Secretary Portland Fire Department

Portland, Feb 5 1873

Dissolution of Co-partnership

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, under the ... of SMITH & DAVIS, is this day dissolved by ... tual consent. E. P. Smith retiring therefrom. ... Wholesale Drug Business will be continued at ... stand, 71 Front st., by the remaining partners, ... Schuyler, who will pay all liabilities of the late ... to whom alone must be paid all moneys due ... on notes, book accounts or otherwise, and ... such accounts to are due to the store of the late ... ated at the corner of Ash and First streets, ... counts, together with the business and good will ... store, become the property of E. M. SMITH.

SAM'L E. SMITH
T. A. DAVIS
P. O. SCHUYLER

Portland, O., Jan. 20, 1873. 3jan1w3m


# Morning Oregonian.

VOL XIII. PORTLAND, OREGON TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1873. NO 37


## The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State: $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertising at usual rates

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—S E corner Front and Stark streets

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L P FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21, Merchants Exchange, California street

### Professional Cards.

#### Removed.

DR. C C STRONG HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE to No 5 Dekum's Building

Jan. 15, 1873.

JNO. B. PILKINGTON M. D.

OCULIST & AURIST.

ROOM 2 DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12—3 to 4, and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,

PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.

RESIDENCE & OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square. Calls attended in any part of the City. Batteries for sale and instructions given on the use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent.

$20 DENTISTRY REDUCED! $20

At my Residence and Office on MAIN St.,

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

BET. FOURTH and FIFTH,

IN ORDER THAT EVERYBODY MAY ENJOY THE comfort and pleasure arising from a PERFECT ADJUSTED SET OF TEETH, the following prices will be maintained: A Entire Set of Upper Teeth, $20; A Partial Set of Teeth, $10; Extraction of Teeth, 50c. REFERENCES—Patrons J. W. DODGE.

jl7d3m

### Law Cards.

CHAS. A. BELL. SALMON STOTT.

BELL & STOTT,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

111 FIRST ST.—ROOM NO. 3—PORTLAND.

(Opposite the Occidental Hotel.

JOHN B. WALDO,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room 15, Dekum's Building, N. W. corner Washington and First streets. daw

S. B. SHATTUCK. R. KILLIN

SHATTUCK & KILLIN,

Attorneys-at-Law,

Room 1, DEKUM'S BUILDING, N. W. cor. Washington and First streets.

W. H. EFFINGER,

Attorney-at-Law,

Corbett's Building, First street.

FRANK L. STOTT

Attorney-at-Law,

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

GEO. B. DURHAM H. Y. THOMPSON.

DURHAM & THOMPSON,

Attorneys-at-Law,

109 First St., opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon. dawtf

W. B. GILBERT,

Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICE—Room 24, Dekum's Building, Cor. FIRST and WASHINGTON Streets.

J. W. WHALLEY. M. W. FECHEIMER, Notary Public

WHALLEY & FECHEIMER,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,

And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

OFFICE—Odd Fellows Temple, No. 131 First St., Portland

Particular attention paid to collections

F. A. CHENOWETH

Attorney-at-Law,

CORVALLIS, OREGON.

THOMAS J. DRYER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Office—Front St., bet. B and C.

### Business Cards.

PHIP A. EDDY,

DEALER IN

H. E. ANKENY'S DAIRY PRODUCE,

Stall No. 3,

CENTRAL MARKET.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN BUTTER, Cheese, Lard, Eggs, &c.

PATTERSON & SEMPLE,

General Brokers.

Bonds, Stocks and other Securities Bought and Sold.

COLLECTIONS AND INVESTMENTS MADE FOR parties abroad.

Agents for the transaction of all kinds of Financial business.

Office—S. E. cor. STARK and FRONT streets, Portland, Oregon. dtf

L. THERKELSEN,

Carpenter & Builder,

SHOP—Alder Street, bet Sixth and Seventh

RESIDENCE—Corner Seventh and Alder Streets.

L. A. GODDARD,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

OREGON

Livery & Hack Stable.

THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES

Hacks on Call Day and Night.

Nos. 114 & 116 Second St., cor. Morrison

Portland Box Factory

CORNER FIRST AND E STREETS,

JOHN HARLOW, Prop'r.

ORDERS FOR BOXES OF ALL KINDS PROMPTLY attended to.

Improved machinery lately introduced, and WORK GUARANTEED. 9dtim

WALTER BROS.'

Carpet Emporium!

89 Front St.

Baths, Baths!

AT

FLIEDNER BROTHERS'

NEXT TO THE POST OFFICE

HOT, COLD, STEAM, SULPHUR AND MEDICATED Baths. Private entrance for Ladies on Alder st., between Front and First. f20tf

KRUMBEIN & GILBERT

ARCHITECTS AND DRAUGHTSMEN

OFFICE—CREE'S BUILDING,

Stark street, bet Front and First,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

### River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S

NOTICE!

ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF DECEMBER, 1872, ROATE OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock A M

FOR WALLULU—Monday and Friday at 5 A M

FOR KALAMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock P. M

FOR MONTICELLO, WESTPORT and CATHLAMET—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A M

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M

J. C AINSWORTH President

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

STEAMBOATS.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER THURSDAY March 6th, the steamer

E. N. COOKE

WILL LEAVE OREGON CITY as follows: On Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8:30 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 A M.—connecting with steamer DAYTON through to Portland. Returning, will LEAVE

Portland for Oregon City at 4 P. M.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 7:45 A M., connecting at Canemah with steamer Dayton, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the office of the O. & C. R. R. Co at REDUCED RATES.

All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE

Freight received until 5 P M.

J D MILES, Agent

### Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.

DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows:

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE |
|---|---|---|
| Portland | 7 45 A.M. | Roseburg 6 00 P.M |
| Roseburg | 6:00 A.M. | Portland 9:15 P.M. |

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between

PORTLAND AND JUNCTION

as follows:

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE |
|---|---|---|
| Portland | 6 00 A.M. | Junction 6.00 P.M |
| Junction | 5 45 A.M. | Portland 6 00 P.M. |

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East on Company's Office

Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.

Storage will be charged, on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours

FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock, P M.

H. THIELSEN, Gen' Supt.

J. C HILDRETH, Asst. Supt.

E P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

TRAINS ON THE

OREGON CENTRAL RAILROAD

WILL, ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MARCH 10, 1873, and until further notice, run as follows:

| BOUND SOUTH. No. 1. | | BOUND NORTH. No. 2. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave 7 45 A.M. | Portland, cor Front & G sts. | Arrive 5 10 P. M. |
| " 8.25 " | Summit | Leave 4 34 " |
| " 8 47 " | Beaverton | " 4 09 " |
| " 9.05 " | Roseville | " 3.51 " |
| " 9 50 " | Cornelius | " 3.17 " |
| " 10 23 " | Gaston | " 2 36 " |
| " 10 57 " | N. Yamhill | " 2 03 " |
| Arrive 11.30 " | St. Joseph | " 1.30 " |

H THIELSEN.

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE,

With its Connections East and West, is the

Shortest, Quickest and Best Route

BETWEEN THE

Pacific and Atlantic,

VIA

Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL; making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO

With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.

The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.

Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon,

And at C P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.

A. H. SMITH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago.

WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco

STAGE LINES.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND

STAGE COMPANY.

GEORGE COGGAN, Proprietor.

CONCORD COACHES, FINE STOCK, SKILLED AND CAREFUL DRIVERS.

Only Fifteen Miles Staging

QUICKEST, CHEAPEST & BEST ROUTE

To the Sound and Victoria, and

FROM VICTORIA TO PORTLAND & CALIFORNIA!

Fare from Portland to Olympia, $7 50

ONE DOLLAR SAVED BY PURCHASING TICKETS at O. S. N Co's office, Portland. Our agents on trains will take charge of passengers and baggage for our stages, in waiting at Tenino. Passengers from Olympia leave daily at 9 A M (except Sunday), connecting at Tenino with N P. R. R. for Kalama and Portland

Stage Office in Olympia at Pacific Hotel

### Real Estate

L. M PARRISH. G. Z. WATKINS W. CORNELL, Notary Public

PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL

Real Estate & Loan Agents,

Corner Front and Stark Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

HAVE FOR SALE AND TO RENT FARMS AND City Property in Oregon and Washington Territory at prices to suit the times.

HOUSES RENTED—RENTS, NOTES AND ACCOUNTS COLLECTED—LOANS NEGOTIATED.

TAXES PAID FOR NON-RESIDENTS—DEEDS WRITTEN AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS TAKEN.

By permission, we refer to Messrs Allen & Lewis Ladd & Tilton, Corbett, Failing & Co, First National Bank, Hurgren & Shindler. f7dtf

Standard Mills

FLOUR.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THIS FAVORite brand of Flour, which we offer in lots to suit purchasers.

ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents.

### Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U S.

President ..... HENRY FAILING.
Cashier ..... JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND,

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.

In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.

For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.

HENRY FAILING, President.

JAMES STEEL, Cashier.

Directors:

HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES STEEL

THE BANK

OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital..... $1,562,500.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,

IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.

Exchange for sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,

BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security,

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

MASONIC SAVINGS & LOAN BANK

No. 6 Post St., Masonic Temple.

San Francisco.

GUARANTEED CAPITAL, $150,000

LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President

GEO. ROBBINS, Secretary. 5jly6m

HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

CORBETT FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,

DEALER IN

Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,

THE BEST IN USE.

SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

MINERS' GOODS,

NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS AXES, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

LISTEN FOR THE BELL!

MILK! MILK!

At 6 1-4 Cents per Quart.

FROM

RATHBUN'S MAMMOTH DAIRY.

STOP THE CART WHEN THE BELL RINGS.

COUNG YE LOUNG & CO.,

125 Front St.,

Contractors for Chinese Labor!

ANY NUMBER OF CHINESE FURNISHED TO Contractors on short notice. Also, dealers in

Teas, Rice, Opium,

And all kinds of CHINA MERCHANDISE. f12

## OREGON.

There are two churches and nine or ten saloons in Jacksonville

A miner, named Hanson, was last week internally injured in a serious manner by a cave, while at work in his claim on Jackson creek, Jackson county.

From Richard Ish, lately in from the Modoc country, the *Times* learns that Bogart, the *Chronicle* correspondent, was drummed out of headquarters and made to decamp.

Horace L Ish, so severely wounded in the affray at Jacksonville on the 7th inst, is reported doing well, with a fair chance of recovery. The bullet, however, has as yet not been found.

The Jacksonville *Times* says Samuel Case, one of the Peace Commissioners, passed through town Thursday evening He was the only Commission or who stood firm for the interests of Oregon from the outset.

A letter from Shedd, Linn county, says the warm sunshiny days are doing much to improve the health and good temper of the people and enabling the farmers to begin their spring work in good earnest.

Wm. K Ish was last Thursday bound over in the sum of $500 by Justice Wade of Jacksonville, to appear at the next term of the Circuit Court and answer to the charge of an assault with a deadly weapon on J. D. Fay.

On Wednesday of last week while the mail sack from Cayuse, Umatilla county, to Walla Walla, was being carried across the Umatilla river in a small boat—the river being too high for the stage to cross it—the boat was upset and the mail sack lost. The carrier saved himself and the express box by swimming out.

A resident of Shedd says "If slow is sure, our town is the surest thing in the Willamet valley," but still he speaks of several improvements going on in the place, among which are the building of new business houses, residences, and the manufacture of willow-ware, the latter by Mr. T. H. Stroeder, a fine workman in that line.

A private letter from Marion county informs us that the farmers in many sections are now industriously engaged in preparing for their spring seeding. Since the rain ceased pouring down so heavily the ground is rapidly becoming fit for the plow, and the expectation is that larger spring crops than usual will be put in this season.

H. K. Hanna, Esq., Secretary of the Jackson County Agricultural Society, has received from the Department of Agriculture at Washington, four quarts of Arnautka Spring Wheat, imported from Odessa, Europe, and four quarts of Oran Spring Wheat, imported from France, which he is prepared to distribute among the farmers of his county.

The Jacksonville *Sentinel* says: "We stop the press to announce that General Canby has appointed the Fourth of July to meet Captain Jack and have a talk. Capt. Jack replies through Modoc Sallie that he is very busy investigating the Credit Mobilier affair, and wants a few head of Mobilier stock, if they are any fatter than Fairchild's. Jack says he will meet the General at the Centennial Exhibition, if he don't change his mind, and in the meantime wants Secretary Delano to come and see him, without any arms, and promises that he will leave the Modoc Surgical Institute, minus legs, also.

### The Indians of Southeastern Oregon.

Capt. O. C. Applegate writes us that the published statement in regard to the number of Indians on or belonging to Klamath Reservation, is far from correct. He says the following is in close approximation to the truth: Klamaths, 580; Modocs, 400; Yahooskin Snakes, 128; aggregate, about 1,100. These tribes are parties to the treaty of October 14, 1864. The number of Modocs in the lava beds is nearly 300. At the beginning of the war, the number of full grown men was about 47, and with, perhaps, 15 or 18 boys, constituted a fighting force of from 62 to 65. If there are only 45 fighting men there now, they have lost more since the war commenced than they represent. On the Reservation, under Scoonchin, there are 50 men, about 55 women, and perhaps 40 children. The Wolf pah pe Snakes were treated with August 12, 1865. The treaty was subsequently ratified by the United States, and the Indians were permanently located on the Reservation. They number about 130, and contentedly remain at Yainax under their chief, Chocktoorh. The Klamaths, Modocs, Yahooskin and Wolf pah pe Snakes number about 1,280, and are the only bands that belong to the Reservation. The other Snakes, or Piutes, numbering about 800, have never been permanently located by treaty, and for them the Malheur Reservation has been established. The principal part of these, under Wo-yow-we wa and E e gan, are at Camp Harney, and the remainder, numbering 210, are at Yainax, on Klamath Reservation, where they have been provided for by Government for three years. As they have never been permanently located by treaty, it is probable they will be allowed their choice of the two Reservations for their permanent home. The Klamaths are on Williamson river, near Klamath Agency, and the Snakes and Modocs are at Yainax, in Sprague valley, about forty miles east of Klamath, but on the same Reservation. The Indians of Southern Oregon aggregate about 2,000. The peaceable management of these people depends much on the manner of treating Jack and his renegade band. A compromise that would shield the murderers from punishment and leave Jack unsubjugated, would be likely to produce such a spirit of insubordination among the other tribes that Southeastern Oregon would become the theater of one of the most fearful Indian wars that has ever devastated the country.—*Jacksonville Sentinel.*

A Washington dispatch of March 2d, to the Boston *Advertiser*, says:

Senator Norwood of Georgia has submitted his views, dissenting from the majority of the committee to investigate the charge against Senator Clayton. His conclusions are specifications which he resolves into three distinct charges: First, that whilst the evidence satisfies him, that a combination did exist between Clayton and Edwards, by which, for the support of the democrats, Clayton agreed to issue the certificate to Edwards as a member of the House of Representatives, and did accordingly so issue it, yet that not having obtained his seat by election, held on the 11th of January, at which he received these democratic votes, the act is not cognizable by the Senate, second, that the charge made of procuring his seat by the corrupt use of money in the transaction with White is sustained by the evidence; and third, he obtained five other votes which make his majority and were necessary to his election, by giving to those electors, as a consideration for their votes, lucrative offices, and that this was as corrupt as if, for the same purpose, he had paid them money in kind.

The lady teachers in Canada of large central schools have had their salaries increased $10 each per annum, and are indignant and think they are paid out of all proportion with the principal. They have written to the board as follows: "We, the undersigned, lady teachers of Galt Central School, have noticed you have very generously added to each of our salaries the munificent sum of $10 per annum. We desire to thank you for this renewed expression of your confidence in us, but at the same time we wish to decline it with many thanks, and would humbly suggest that our one talent be given him that hath two."

Embroidered silk suits will be "all the rage," we hear, this spring and summer. The embroidery is to cover the skirts and waists entire, and is to be altogether one of the most elaborate description.

## THE TERRITORIES.

Another shock of earthquake at Olympia on the 11th inst.

A Chinese cook on the bark *Oswyn*, dropped dead with heart disease, one day last week.

The ferry on the Nisqually, a short distance from Steilacoom, was washed away last week.

A rich "chimney" has been struck in the Red Jacket mine, Owyhee, the ore of which is said to assay $2,000 to the ton.

Among other curiosities in Steilacoom is a Webster's Dictionary which costs its owner, Mr. Jas. Hughes, the snug sum of $200.

Knapp, of Sioux City, aged 20, has run away with his stepmother, aged 30. This is brushing the Knapp of horse-spun the wrong way.

The *Argus* reports that the telegraph cable to be laid between Port Blakely and Alki Point has arrived ex bark *Chris Mitchell* from San Francisco.

Capt. R Calhoun, Peter Thompson and John L Butler have chartered the schooner *Lottie* for a pilot boat, and secured licences as branch pilots for Fuca Strait and Puget Sound.

Several horses are reported sick at Fort Boise with a disease similar to the epizootic, though the commanding officer says he is not sure. One mule has died with it, whatever the disease may be.

Gen. Crook having made it too hot for the Apaches in Arizona, some of Cachise's band have been "raiding" on Mexico. They lately killed Valencia, one of the Mexican Supreme Court Justices.

The Northern Pacific railroad track was badly blockaded last week by land slides, and on Thursday the mail was carried all the way from Kalama to Tenino, a distance of 65 miles, on hand cars. The obstructions are supposed to be removed by this time.

The *Advocate* seems to think Idaho a very wicked part of the world. In speaking of the late religious revival at Boise, it intimates that "in view of what the Lord has done for some of the most notorious sinners in Idaho, no one else should be discouraged."

A gentleman at the Dalles received a letter a few days ago, from Mr. Thomas Moore, formerly of that city, dated at Prescott, Arizona. He says that General Crook has just returned from a three months scout after Indians, which has been a very successful one.

The Government saw mill at Mount Graham, Arizona, is in operation and making excellent lumber. The work of constructing the new Post out there is going on. The location is said to be charming, and also convenient in many respects. Col. W. B. Royal is about to assume command of it.

Six Indians of the Choctaw Tribe in Indian Territory, were recently arrested by other members of the tribe for horse stealing. As the Choctaws are a highly civilized people, a vigilance committee was formed, and the "tribal relations" of the offenders were severed by Judge Lynch.

The Salt Lake *Journal* says Congress should appoint an investigating committee on the Mormon tithing fund, to ascertain what disposition was made of the large sums of money sent to Washington, and what members of Congress and Senators were retained in the interest of polygamy. Brigham's Credit Mobilier is thought to be worse than Oakes Ames'.

The Lewiston *Signal* says an Indian named Weas-ens became dissatisfied with the marked boundaries between him and John Silcott and Caleb Cooper, and insisted that a re survey be made. To satisfy him Messrs. Cooper & Silcott, on Wednesday, caused a new survey to be made, which resulted in establishing the old lines, and We as-sus was apparently satisfied.

The Olympia *Transcript* has this: "We learn that the *Kosacka*, an old man-of war vessel, was recently sold at Mare Island and purchased by Goodhall & Nelson, of San Francisco, who are fitting her up to run in the northern trade, touching at Victoria, then coming to the Sound ports and loading with coal, after taking such passengers and freight as offer. It is supposed she will commence running some time next month."

The Owyhee *Avalanche* says: "On the afternoon of Sunday, February 23d, Neil McKay, a well known resident of Silver City, left Flint District on snow shoes, intending to come over to Silver City, a distance of nine miles, and has not since been heard of. It is thought that he lost his way on the stormy summit between Silver City and Flint and perished in the snow. Parties after searching two days, returned without finding any trace of the missing man, except a snow shoe track near the head of Louse Creek. He has now been missing fourteen days, and, as a large amount of snow has fallen during that period, it is very likely that he will not be found till the snow goes off in the spring."

The Olympia *Courier* says: "A young man engaged in hauling hay for Mr. Coggan met with a very severe accident on Thursday, the 13th inst., before descending the hill this side of Hodgdon's, and while endeavoring to lock the wagon for that purpose, the horses suddenly started, the young man fell and one fore and hind wheel passed directly over his chest. Of course the injuries are serious, but, strange as it may seem, no bones were broken. The left shoulder was dislocated, the breast, face and head were terribly bruised and lacerated. After the luxation was reduced, and the other wounds dressed, he was comfortable. The wagon with its load must have weighed 3,200 pounds. The road where the accident occurred was hard gravel. The horses ran on down the hill, upset the load, loosened themselves from the wagon, and stopped in the creek, receiving little or no injury.

At a meeting of the citizens of Olympia, held on the 15th inst., a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Avery, Salomon and H. Stevens, was appointed to procure copies of all papers relating to the contract between our citizens and the Northern Pacific Railroad, to connect Budd's Inlet by rail with the Columbia river, and to draft a memorial and forward copies of all papers to the President and Directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and Jay Cook & Co., through Charles E. Williams. On motion the Chairman was directed to send a telegraphic dispatch to the President at once. The *Courier* says: We understand the object to be to inaugurate measures, in the first place, toward ascertaining the exact intentions of the Railroad Company in regard to fulfilling the terms of their agreement with the citizens of this vicinity. If the contract is to be filled to the letter, well; if not, to take any and every honorable means, that the sense of having right and a strong case in their favor, will warrant to compel the Railroad authorities to live up to their agreement.

A SINGULAR INCIDENT.—A sealed bottle was picked up the other day in Grant's Pass, on the Alabama cost, which when opened proved to contain a memorandum dated off the coast of Alaska, June 29th, 1870, on board the ship James, and in the Russian language, announcing that the ship had foundered and was broken in pieces. This bottle must have drifted through the North and South Pacific oceans, doubled the Horn, and in its voyage through the Atlantic fallen in with the great equatorial current and been swept by it into the Caribbean Sea, where the Gulf Stream caught it and carried it round the circuit of the Gulf, landing it, after its voyage of two and a half years, in the Pass, where it was found. It was a long journey for a bottle to take without getting its neck broken.

## By Overland Telegraph.

EASTERN DATES TO MARCH 17.

### WASHINGTON CITY.

#### Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The weather report states that the probabilities for the California coast are threatening, with possibly rainy weather.

#### To be Abolished.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Indian Inspectors will not be appointed until after June 30th next, as no appropriation will be available during the present fiscal year for payment of their salaries. It is also probable that the office of Indian Superintendent will be abolished, as it is likely to be taken that Inspectors will answer the same purpose as Superintendents throughout the country.

#### The Caldwell Case.

CHICAGO, March 17.—A Washington special says there has been considerable figuring there by Senators both yesterday and to day as to whether Caldwell will be turned out after all. The general conclusion as to the vote on the Morton resolution is that it will be lost by a vote of 30 to 42. The majority of Democrats voting will vote against it On the Acorn substitute, expelling Caldwell, the vote is put down as 35 to 34. It requires a two-thirds vote to succeed The debate this week may completely change the vote, but if the vote were to be taken to-morrow it is conceded that the above would be the result.

#### Cowan on the Modoc War.

Assistant Secretary Cowan, in an interview reported from Washington, said the Modoc trouble was the result of bad management, and in great part the fault of the Indian office. No disturbances with other Indians are apprehended.

There is considerable disappointment at Gen. Cowan's declination of the Indian Commissionership.

#### The Last of the Franks.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Hundreds of men and boys are engaged at the Capitol in sending out daily, through the mails, tons of books and documents for members who are anxious to have them reach their respective homes before the

# The Daily Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING MARCH 8 1873

### The Pardoning Power

The interposition between Rev Dr Eyraud and the murderer Pritchard in relation to the pardon of the latter for the crime of murder brings before the community a practical right and wrong of great importance It is not to be doubted that the alarming increase of crime of late years has been distributed to a considerable extent to the readiness with which the pardoning power has been invoked to shield convicted criminals from the punishment due to them by the laws against their offense The frequent instances in which we hear of the extreme limit of probability having been allowed to man from the punishment and ignominious following a conviction of murder which he has not committed that a quick and appreciative response to the dictates of every humane individual Community never withholds its unqualified approbation of an administration of the law which inclines always to the side of mercy But it is by no means impossible for clemency to the prisoner to be carried to such an extent as to become a positive wrong to the community It would not be difficult we apprehend to point to more than one where such has been the fact The tendency of the times has been notably to go to the utmost length to avoid the most unfortunate mistake which the imperfections of jurisprudence render possible the conviction of the innocent but even to seek out excuses for those criminals whose guilt is beyond question So that after all the inventions of legal ingenuity aided by the abstractions of pseudo-science have failed to secure the acquittal of the guilty an appeal to the executive clemency has in many instances rendered the trial and conviction before the court an idle ceremony That this has not been the case invariably does not argue that it has not been far too frequently so

Here is a power exercised to the annulling of the judgments of the courts of the country, which have been pronounced after the most patient and painstaking investigation It is a power that ought to exist somewhere, because there are certainly cases that demand its exercise But it should be used with the greatest possible discretion and very sparingly The ordinary criminal, having nothing out of the common way in his case, is not entitled to receive that sort of leniency which annuls the laws of the land in his favor and the pardoning of such persons is never contemplated when the pardoning power is vested in the Executive Such pardons cannot be viewed in any light other than as an abuse of the pardoning power

But who can blame the governors for granting that which their constituents the people, clearly demand? and how many persons of influence are there who invariably and conscientiously refuse to sign petitions for the pardon of convicts, except upon some extraordinary showing? A personal friend or relative of the condemned gets up a petition setting forth that the offender has already suffered greatly by reason of his having been confined in jail for a long time awaiting his trial, or that he has suffered immensely in his mind from the disgrace of the affair, or that he solemnly promises to reform, always interspersing these statements with well turned phrases about the God like attributes of mercy, and the reformatory purpose of the law in the punishment of crime and closing with a request that the condemned person be pardoned and restored to all his rights This paper is indiscriminately circulated One signs it because of his acquaintance with the person chiefly concerned another is appealed to as the friend of the family whom the offender has disgraced and a large number of others—making the majority—sign because they are asked to do so and there is no responsibility in the matter It is a cheap exhibition of generous sentiments and they can well afford to make it

This thing is wrong To exert one's influence to secure a pardon which ought not to be granted is quite as bad as to grant it The petitioners for those pardons become apologists of crime They are morally accessories after the fact They do not give the subject sufficient thought at the time generally speaking, to comprehend the true situation in which they are placing themselves, but that does not make the situation itself different Human life and property will be no less insecure if depredations upon them are to go unpunished because of executive interference, than they would be if the courts failed to convict, or if the law tolerated crime And the community that has no scruples about recommending the release of convicted criminals whenever any person sees fit to interest himself in the premises enough to ask for such a recommendation should not complain if felons be set free, crime increase and the security of life and property entirely fail

Mr F E Arnold of this city has lately received from Boston an old work entitled Eloquence of the United States which was compiled by E B Williston and published at Middletown Connecticut in 1827 That was only forty six years ago but the last forty six years in this nation have been a long time The work which is in five octavo volumes, is long since out of print and quite rare It is a collection of the best speeches of the best orators of the Revolutionary days and the days that immediately followed and embraces many efforts of the great masters in the Senate the Constitutional Conventions in the Courts and in popular assemblies Reading such productions as the speech of Edmund Randolph in Burr's trial Alexander Hamilton's appeal for the adoption of the Federal Constitution delivered in the New York Convention or Joseph Hopkinson's speech on the impeachment of Judge Chase —or any one of twenty others found in those volumes —one cannot but feel that with all the advancement of the nation in civilization and esthetic culture nothing has been gained in greatness of thought or eloquence of expression

A Washington dispatch of the 11th inst says that General Gordon the famous Confederate cavalry leader has been sworn in as Senator from the State of Georgia Senator Gordon it will be remembered, defeated Alex H Stephens his most powerful competitor for the high office of Senator The dispatch says "Some amusement was caused by Vice President Wilson inadvertently putting to him the iron clad oath instead of the regular oath prescribed for those who have borne arms against the United States"

Latest advices from Matamoras announce the election of General Porfirio Diaz Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Mexico In honoring this eminent patriot the young Republic has honored herself The name of Chief Justice Diaz is sufficient assurance that the bench vacated by Juarez's usurpation to be honored by Lerdo's poor

### Our New Postmaster

It is announced that Hon C C Cole has received the appointment of Postmaster for this city This is Senator Mitchell's first stewal of Federal patronage in the State Mr Cole is fully capable of discharging the duties of the office though it is one of the most important in the country but he cannot but be surprised to the most pleasantly that all have not faith in the sincerity of all the assurances about the ardent and unbounded desire to serve the interests of the people which he poured into the ears of the most Senator Dennis at this having been elected a Democratic Congress from Washington Territory and appointed Governor of that Territory by a Democratic town in the days of that individual's term of office when he was out Herodding, Herod in his Democracy In the election of 1868 Mr Cole was the head and chief man of the Democratic campaign in Oregon having his headquarters in the city whence the orders and money of the campaign were issued We shall not soon forget the gorgeous display of that long torch light procession in Portland in honor of the Democratic triumph when J S Smith the regular nominee of the Democracy was elected over the Republican candidate David Logan The magnificent pageant was headed by Mr Cole mounted upon a white charger clad about with red and yellow zones and tricked out with all the gay ornaments of a Southern hero At the proper time according to great argument he delivered an intensely Democratic harangue to his admiring followers Solely on account of his politics will his appointment surprise any one for he is an capable man The appointment of a person of such political record is doubtless explained by the fact that for two or three years past he has been in the employ of Mr Holladay and one of the members of his kitchen cabinet

The latest murder intelligence from Washington is encouraging Five years ago the sylph like form of Miss Harris waltzed into the Treasury Department She was a Democratic Vernon—was Miss Harris and she could "snuff the candle" at twenty paces with consummate skill One August day the gory corpse of an attenuated Treasury clerk was laid in the silent tomb Then they said that Miss Harris was crazy—just as some envious wretches said it of Dr But this is one of those rare cases where the insane party has been sent to an asylum Thither goes this sportive lass to be supported by the National Government Query Why not make this Government Insane Asylum a City of Refuge for wounded doves of the Tar type?

From the March Circular of the Treasury Department we learn that on the first day of March, 1873, the debt bearing interest consisted of Principal $1,703 813 00 Interest $29 158 023 79 debt bearing interest in lawful money, Principal $15 998 000 00 Interest $110,618 39, debt on which interest has ceased since maturity Principal $3 093,240 26, Interest $331 508 30 debt bearing no interest, Principal $453 171 388 97, Unclaimed Interest $16 604 81 Total debt, $2 255,682,384 64 The debt less cash in the Treasury was $2,-157,380,700 53 Decrease of debt during February, $5,277,880 77, decrease since March 1st, 1873, $68,132 797 10 decrease of debt from March 1st 1869 to March 1st, 1873, $368 082 559 18

A Washington dispatch of March 11th says It appears that the legislative appropriation bill contains two appropriations for the President's salary, one of $25 000 as usual, and another of $50 000 as provided for in the increased salary amendment The President called attention to this when signing the bill, and said he should draw only the salary for $50,000, and let the other remain in the Treasury There are double appropriations made also for other officers whose salaries are increased but it is likely they will follow the example of the President and draw the increased salary only

A dispatch of the 11th inst, from Rome says Yesterday being the anniversary of Mazzini's death a deputation of Democrats attempted to visit the patriot's tomb, but the police refused them admission and for a time the greatest excitement prevailed and a riot was imminent but the troops were called out, which prevented a disturbance

The Washington *Chronicle* says that Minnesota is about to abolish the system of Normal Schools She finds them an expensive luxury Three of them have cost $100 000 since 1868 The preparation of each teacher has cost about $2 000 and Minnesota is unable to see wherein she gets value received

At the recent city election in Sacramento the total vote was 3 766 nearly 300 more than were cast at the Presidential election The average Republican majority was nearly 2 000

### The Salary Increase

GENERAL HAWLEY'S SPEECH AGAINST IT—THE LAW OUGHT AN INDEPENDENT CONGRESSMAN

For one I care no little about parties or elections that if this is to be the style of legislation, I am willing if not to assist in digging the grave to attend the funeral I do not care what party may come forward we can not in my opinion have one worse than a party which six months after the most ardent professions of economy I agree in the last few hours of a session the work of raising in this House the salaries of its members so that we may put into our pockets five or six thousand dollars which we never dreamed of having until two or three weeks since

That in my idea of the action of this House to night I say the country will not approve it our own party will not approve it There is no good reason for it Nothing, but parliamentary etiquette restrains me from characterizing this proposition as in my heart I believe it ought to be characterized If gentlemen really believe these salaries ought to be raised as a matter of abstract right if there is no selfish money loving spirit in the movement if there is no dishonorable motive at the root of the matter let us then make a reasonable addition to these salaries which shall take effect after this Congress adjourns

When we came here to serve in our official positions we had no expectation or thought of receiving more than $5 000 a year Money purchases more now than it did two years ago Then there are other reasons for not raising those salaries The Government needs all the revenue it has It is now running behind We have made pledges of economy Though it may sound ridiculous to some gentlemen here to night there are poor people who pay taxes and who do not believe in our right to do this

I do not wish to be misunderstood or misrepresented I am not only against raising the salaries of Congressmen I am against raising the salary of the President and most of the others named in the proposition though I will say that if a fair proposition were presented for raising the pay of the Judges and a few other officers I think I might vote for it But I am against the proposition as it stands from beginning to end I do not believe the people of the land want this increase and I do not care if he does I will not vote for it

On the third day of the marriage of the Emperor of China he and his young bride appeared in dresses valued at £350,000

### The Sewerage Problem

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

The Civil Engineer appointed by the Common Council for the purpose of preparing a plan of drainage and sewerage for this city, has completed the same, and now submits it for their consideration

We did not be wisdom on the part of the Common Council to delay the adoption of that plan for a time and let the people examine it though It might even be well to submit the plan to the voters at the next city election in connection with the proposition to purchase the present Water Works

I do not propose at present to offer any objections to the plan submitted or any of its details but will simply say that I do not perceive in it a single suggestion for raising revenue for the payment of the expenses connected with the work

The citizens of Canbridge Mass are at the present time agitating the drainage and sewerage question I find in the *Transcript* of that city of the last, 18 thousand money Mr J J Farmer of this city has made practical suggestions offered by a member Mr Kingsley before the Board of Aldermen bearing directly upon this question, "What is the best and most equitable way to pay for the Sewers Many of those suggestions seem to me to be apropos at least worthy of the consideration of our people I therefore send you the paper and respectfully request you to publish the same in the OREGONIAN THIRD WARD

March 17th 1873

The remarks of Mr Kingsley referred to by our correspondent are as follows

In any remarks that I may make it shall be my purpose to grant to others what I claim for myself It will be honorable dealing to find out the best way for build ng our sewers and the best and most equitable way to pay for them and thereafter keep them in repair, We do not propose to consider the subject by different Wards but to apply ing to our whole goodly city of Cambridge We must not have sectional or local interests in mind when treating a subject which is as yet with us in its infancy but must see long ahead largely over our entire city

There is one common ground upon which we all agree to start from namely the sewers must be built and the citizens of Cambridge must pay for them The whole must or then is reduced to how this had better be carried out Let us ignore for a moment what sewers are for we may then primarily for the public good 1st As a health measure 2d To enable us to make and keep good streets 3d For the individual accommodation in providing house drainage, and 4th To reclaim and make valuable low lands

We have endeavored to name these different interests in the order of their importance as they appear to us It will be seen that we begin with the public health as a benefit derived, which as near as possible is equally shared by all high and low rich and poor alike We next come to good streets and in this the public, as such is again very nearly equally interested and benefited, and from this it would seem that it would be right for the public as such to contribute in common for so much of the expense of making and maintaining the sewers as one fairly and properly covered by the two interests of health and streets We next come to the third point of providing proper drainage for private accommodation In dealing with this point it seems to us that it is fair to inquire what would be the cost of a sewer which would be of ample size to carry all the house drainage but nothing more? So far as this goes, it would seem to be the right basis by which to make the individual charge, and as the house drainage in parts of the city is very nearly the same, from houses of equal class we ought to be able to agree on some fixed price that all parties living on the line of a sewer might be equally and uniformly charged, having ascertained this point, the balance of the expense of building the sewer, no matter how large would justly belong to the city under the two first points herein treated It should be borne in mind that our sewers do not become too small for house drainage, which remains almost always the same, but on account of the large amount of surface water that runs in from the streets During the past season, on some high grounds, the water run in faster than the sewer could carry it away, and, as a result in several instances the sewer water backed up into the houses, flooding the basement with the foul water therefrom Again, it must be remembered that nearly if not quite all our main sewer outlets are above high water mark, and that during the high tide the sewer is closed against the inflowing tide In this case you will see that the large trunk sewers must be made, not so much, or hardly at all to hold the ordinary house drainage during this high tide but to supply storage capacity to hold the immense amount of water that runs off our streets during a heavy rain until the tide goes down and opens the discharge All this heavy extra expense in building trunk sewers so large is properly chargeable to the public fund and sustains our ground that the individual should only be charged with his portion of a suitable drain for private use

It may be said, and truly, that the statute provides for this public interest, in not allowing the city of Boston to charge the abutters more than 75 per cent of the cost of any sewer, we say true, and perhaps for Boston where it is a large estate that has 2f feet front in most of the cities where sewers are laid this may be a reasonable charge and not bear heavily on any one person But it must be borne in mind that the same statute provides that any city or town may assume a larger proportion than 25 per cent even to the whole expense if they choose to do so thus recognizing the principle that what may suit in one place may not be equitable in another, and this leads us to believe that in a city owning a large and comparatively sparsely settled area this matter should be treated more as a public measure than we have been in the habit of looking at it and that, at first, a larger part of the expense should be borne by the public looking through some means adopted to the filling up of the city in the future for a proper proportion of the original cost to be refunded and not charging so much to the individual as now Let us for a moment examine the law in regard to this matter and give it that common sense interpretation that it ought to bear

1st Cities may build drains 2d May assess an abutter for entering his private drain into the public drain 3d May charge for the more remote benefit of draining his cellar or land 4th May charge for repairs

1st Private drain into public drain means house drainage

2d Draining cellar or land must apply to wet cellar or land, and evidently refer to such low lands that a dry cellar could not be had without a drain—same with land

The first pertains to all houses nearly alike and may be treated all alike The second comes under the term of betterment, besides common sewage and may justly be treated in a different way

It may be true that generally people have paid their assessments without much fault finding but it should be borne in mind that nearly all the drains thus far built have been in places where the land would be comparatively worthless without drainage and the public necessity for larger and more costly sewers, and reassessing for them has but just commenced and so far does not give general satisfaction to say the least What we need seems to be some simple well defined and easily understood system that we can adopt for all time and such a one as will be as near equitable as possible

Mr Kingsley then suggested as plans, one of which might perhaps be adopted with advantage the following First that the government ascertain what would be a fair average rate to charge abutters for a sewer and then charge that rate all over the city For instance, suppose the rate which abutters on each side of the street should be charged is 50 cents per front foot of their land Let that rate be uniform everywhere whether the sewer be large or small This will work equality and all will be satisfied In addition to this there might be a small annual tax on abutters for the maintenance of a fund from which should be paid the cost of repairs on the sewers Or if for any reason the above plan is objectionable then second let the city build and absolutely own all the sewers and make a small annual charge to abutters for the use thereof This is the system upon which the Water Works were constructed and are maintained Or third an entrance fee might be charged to all who enter their private drains into the street sewer

A DISAPPOINTED DOG —Here is a dog story A family down town having a false grate in one of the rooms of the house placed some red paper behind it to give the effect of fire One of the coldest days this winter the dog belonging to the household came in from out of doors and seeing the paper in the grate deliberately walked up to it and laid down before it curled up in the best way to receive the glowing heat as it came from the fire He remained motionless for a few minutes feeling no warmth he raised his head and looked over his shoulder at the grate still feeling no heat he arose and carefully applied his nose to the grate and smelt of it It was as cold as ice With a look of supreme disgust his tail curled down between his legs, every hair on his body saying 'I'm sold' the dog trotted out of the room —*Troy Times*

Brides' dresses are now made of two different materials the back breadths of brocade and the front of white velvet or satin


## NEW TO-DAY.

### Lost,

A SMALL WHITE INDIAN POINTER DOG ON THE 4TH instant The finder will be rewarded by returning it to [illegible] Corner First and Pine streets

### Notice to School Clerks

CLERKS OF THE VARIOUS DISTRICTS WILL find orders drawn upon the County Treasurer at the Post Office in East Portland until the 15th inst, in favor of sundry persons for small amounts for [illegible]

DR C ROSENK,

PHYSICIAN SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR

FIRST STREET, BET OAK AND PINE

Will guarantee all obstetrical manipulations and deliveries

### To Loan!

$2 000 in GOLD COIN for one year [illegible] city security

$800 in GOLD COIN [illegible] security

$4 000 in GOLD COIN for one year [illegible] security

$2,500 in GOLD COIN for one year [illegible] security

Inquire at [illegible] HENRY WOODWARD & CO

### Doors and Windows

JUST ARRIVED

The Largest Stock in Oregon

Call and get prices before purchasing

EVERDING & FARRELL

### SOCIAL BALL!

Will be given by OBSON & MOORE

At ARMORY HALL

STARK STREET

On Thursday Evening, March 20

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR

Floor Managers

C BUBER H D CHATMAN

### ROLLER SKATING!

AT THE RINK

On Fourth bet Pine and A streets

SKATING ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY Evenings from 7½ to 9½ o'clock

Admission 25 cts

Use of Skates 25 cts

Also EVERY DAY (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 12 A M and from 2 to 4 P M

Admission including use of Skates 25 cts

A BRASS BAND always in attendance at the evening sessions

### Proposals.

PORTLAND March 7th

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of KRUMBLER & GILBERT until the 1st day of April 1873

To Build an Iron Fence

Around the County Court House Multnomah county Oregon

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Architects Cross building Stark street between Front and First streets who reserve the right to reject any and all bids mh8d8d

### GRAY'S MUSIC STORE!

SOLE AGENCY FOR

BURDETT ORGAN!

FOR RENT OR SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

BURDETT ORGAN!

In neatness of case and purity of tone it is unqualified DR THOMAS T MINER

Lafayette Lodge of Perfection Port Townsend W T

BURDETT ORGAN!

"I think these tones far superior to any instruments of that description in the market J H MUNSON

Grand Worthy Secretary I O O F

BURDETT ORGAN!

Is not only warranted five or ten years (if you want) but warranted to give satisfaction or no sale

G. L. DePRANS, Manager,

OREGON BRANCH HOUSE

Portland, Oregon

### Oysters.

EXTRA FINE NETART BAY

Oysters,

SERVED DAILY IN THE USUAL A NO 1 STYLE

AT

Allsky & Hogele's,

No 107 First street, Opposite Postoffice

Fresh Oysters.

THE CELEBRATED

TRANSPLANTED NETART BAY OYSTERS

At THE GEM.

### LARGE AUCTION SALE

Of the Entire

Furniture & Fixtures

Of the

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19th,

At 10 o'clock

33 Cottage Sets and Double Beds

With MATTRESSES and CLOTHING COMPLETE

66 SINGLE BEDS with Mattresses and Clothing
50 pr WHITE BLANKETS double
11 pr WHITE BLANKETS single
100 pr GRAY BLANKETS double
84 PARLOR TABLES
72 WASH STAND AND WATER CLOSET SETS
61 LOOKING GLASSES 16 SETTINGS
74 CARPETS 224 TOWELS 9 ROCKING CHAIRS
80 OFFICE CHAIRS 1 COUNTER 2 DESKS
1 TILTON & McFARLAND SAFE
10 LARGE LAMPS 3 LARGE MIRRORS
2 MARBLE TOP WASH STANDS

Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture, etc

HOTEL BUS AND EXPRESS WAGON AND HARNESS

M RUDOLPH

OSCAR KILBOURN Auctioneer mh13

BURTON & WILLIAMS,

ARCHITECTS & SUPERINTENDENT

ROOM No. 17,

DEKUM'S BUILDING

6,000 lbs. Fire Clay,

15,000 FIRE BRICKS.

JUST RECEIVED EX BARK "LOCH DEE"

For sale in lots to suit by EVERDING & BERRE

For Tillamook!

SCHOONER KATE HERON will commence taking freight Monday at EVERDING & FARRELL'S Wharf

### Amusements.

LECTURE!

REV. DR. LINDSLEY

Will deliver a LECTURE

At the Methodist Episcopal Church,

On

WEDNESDAY MARCH 19th,

At 8 o'clock P M

SUBJECT— THE ART OF PLEASING

J. H BRENNER,

Professor of Music

Will give private lessons on the PIANO VIOLIN and ORGAN Also Choir Music

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES

Orders left at Gray's Music store Washington Street between Sixth and Start streets etc

CARDINELL'S

Dancing Academy!

ASH STREET BET. FRONT & FIRST

ROOM FOR MORE SCHOLARS

BRAY & PARROT

Furnish

Brass & String Music

FOR BALLS PARTIES etc at reasonable rates

LESSONS GIVEN ON THE VIOLIN PIANO AND CORNET Lessons given at pupils residence or will WAIT at Academy for same

### Wants.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED!

To sell the

"Rocky Mountain Saints"

By T B H STENHOUSE

Twenty five years a Mormon Elder Missionary and Editor of the Prophet of the Salt Lake *Daily Telegraph*

THE ONLY FULL RELIABLE AND COMPLETE History of this Strange sect with their faith practices for fifty years together with an account of the Great Mineral Wealth of the Territory of Utah etc Large octavo of nearly 800 pages and numerous elegant Engravings The Book contains many startling incidents never before published It is just the book for the people and will have an immense sale For terms and territory apply to A ROMAN & CO

m6 1w3t 11 Montgomery St San Francisco

### To Let.

Furnished Rooms To Rent

S E COR WASHINGTON AND FIRST STS

CLEANEST IN TOWN

Rents Reduced.

TWO NEAT COTTAGES CONVENIENT TO BUSINESS

TO LEASE—Several small FARMS near this city

LANDS and TIMBER for sale Terms easy at 6 per cent

Apply to me at the Law Office of Mowry Ramsay & Boise No 141 Front street J A MARQUAM

To Rent,

TWO COTTAGE HOUSES NEARLY NEW FRONTing east with good well For particulars enquire of E L STONE, or FERRY WOODWARD & CO

For Sale.

For Sale,

AT A DISCOUNT!

STOCK IN THE SOUTH PORTLAND REAL ESTATE Association Enquire of PUT SMITH Broker

130-Acre Farm, Bottom Land,

TO BE SOLD WITHIN A MONTH—FIVE MILES from Pumphrey's Landing up the Cowlitz river Washington Territory, 34 acres of it cleared and fenced in the rest partly in light and partly in heavy timber; well watered with House Barn (frame) 2 work horses 2 colts 7 head of cattle 20 swine poultry farming implements house furniture wheat oats potatoes, etc, etc The whole for $1 650 Title complete

For particulars inquire on the premises or address

631 Washington street MARTHA BLINN

March 1 18-3 Or Milla Prairie P O W T

FLOUR MILL FOR SALE!

I WILL SELL MY MILL AT DIXIE IN POLK COUNTY situated on the Rickreal A good Water Power 25 feet head 3 inch Leffel wheel and two run of stones The machinery is new throughout and of the most improved style for either Merchant or Custom Work The premises consist of five and a half acres of land a new Dwelling well finished Stables and other out Buildings The Custom business amounts to about $4 000 per year toll In fact the facility is first class the Mill being situated in the heart of Polk county surrounded on all sides by a splendid farming country and is within three quarters of a mile of the O C R R survey as laid The land joins that of ex-Senator Nesmith For further information apply on the premises or address

feb26d1m ABEL HOLLOW

Dixie Polk county Oregon

FOR SALE!

The Iron Front of the Store

Formerly occupied by S I McCormick.

Front 45 Feet Wide with four Doors

Apply to C M WIBERG 141 Front st Up Stairs

RISDON

Iron and Locomotive Works!

Cor. Beale & Howard

POST OFFICE BOX 1,616 SAN FRANCISCO

GENERAL FOUNDERS MACHINISTS ENGINE AND BOILER MAKERS

Special attention given to Mining Work

Contracts Taken to Build and Erect Quartz Mills Hoisting Works and Steam boats (Carpenter work and Engines complete)

HYDRAULIC AND WATER-PIPE MADE FOR ANY SIZE OR PRESSURE Contracts made to build and lay if desired

This firm have made the principle pipe undertaking in California and can refer to them if required

feb22d3m3p JOSEPH MOORE, Superintendent

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD!

Clearing & Grubbing

ON FORTY MILES.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the General Office of the Company in Olympia Washington Territory until noon of April 1st for Clearing and Grubbing about forty miles of the line as now staked and flagging at the present width of the track

Work to be commenced forthwith and pushed through vigorously Proposals may be made for one division or more of about TEN MILES

For full details of proposals specifications and other particulars bidders are referred to Engineer THOS B MORRIS Olympia Washington Territory

A Map of the line of the road can be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer in Olympia

By order of the Board of Directors

W MILNOR ROBERTS, Chief Engineer

Olympia W T March 1, 1873 mh17 13th28

DRAKE'S SPECIFIC

FOR ACHES AND PAINS.

MERCHANTS HAVING ANY OF MY MEDICINE on hand in consignment will oblige by WITHDRAWING SAME FROM SALE and advise me so that I may know where such bottles are

THE SPECIFIC

Can now be obtained in two ounce bottles instead of one for fifty cents

ONE TRIAL of the Specific IS SUFFICIENT You will find it worth a dollar an ounce

mh1 1m C S DRAKE Portland

G. NEIMEYER,

Fashionable Tailor!

THIRD ST BET ALDER AND MORRISON

ALL GOODS IMPORTED DIRECT FROM EUROPE.

Suits Cut according to Latest Fashions

EXAMINE THE STOCK

Tomato Catsup.

SHERMAN'S FAMOUS OREGON CATSUP BY THE gallon or bottle

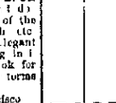
THE GEM.

### Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U S Mail

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM ship



AJAX

FRED BOLLES Commander

Will leave Portland Wharf one and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street for the above port

FRIDAY, MARCH 21st 1873

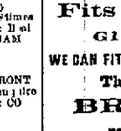
At 4 o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner F and Front streets

GEO W WEIDLER Agent

For Port Townsend, San Juan, Ft. Tongas, Ft. Wrangle, Nanaimo, Victoria and Sitka,

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller



GUSSIE TELFAIR,

JOHN HAYES Commander

Will leave Portland Wharf one and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street for the above ports

Victoria Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 9 o'clock A M

For freight or passage apply at the Office of the Company corner of F and Front Street.

GEO W WEIDLER Agent

NOTICE.

Office of Oregon Steamship Company,

PORTLAND, July 11, 1872

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THE STEAMERS of the Oregon Steamship Company will carry no passengers from Astoria to Portland

GEO W WEIDLER Agent

Boots & Shoes.

PACIFIC

BOOT & SHOE STORE

S W CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS

GEO. A. PEASE,

Successor to

PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,

Fits! Fits!! Fits!!

GIVE THEM FITS!

WE CAN FIT YOUR FEET AND FIT YOUR POCKETS.

That's What's the Matter!

BROWN & CO.,

Morrison st., near First

ANATOMICAL BOOTMAKERS,

ARE IMPORTING DIRECT FROM FRANCE THE following named brands of French Calf skin to wit Lancelle Idolet, Cornelian & Balliot the reputation for Excellence of which is world wide and needs no comment We have just engaged FIVE ADDITIONAL FIRST CLASS WORKMEN and flatter ourselves that our facilities for making the VERY BEST CUSTOM WORK are unsurpassed by any firm on the Pacific coast

SADDLERY.

J. B. CONGLE,

78 Front Street.

Saddlery - Hardware,

Saddles, Bridles,

WHIPS AND HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

SOLE AGENT FOR BUTTA PERCHA AND RUBBER CARBOLIZED HOSE which is for sale at San Francisco prices with freight added.

REPAIRING promptly attended to

WELCH & MORGAN,

Cor. Yamhill & Front Sts.,

Manufacturers and Importers of

SADDLES, HARNESS.

KERBY'S GENUINE

SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER.

Also

Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness.

We warrant all articles which we sell at LOWEST RATES

Millinery Goods.

P. VAN FRIDACH,

FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS STORE.

No. 79 First Street,

DEKUM'S BUILDING

C. S. SILVER,

No. 136 First street,

IS IN RECEIPT OF A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Merchandise, consisting in part of

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCA,

EMPRESS CLOTH

PLAIN and TWILLED RED FLANNEL

WHITE FLANNEL

FAMILY BLANKETS BED COMFORTS

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.

HATS and CAPS

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING and UNDERWEAR, etc etc

All of which will be sold

Cheap for Cash.

Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere

GOLD, VELVET, SATIN, AND OTHER WALL PAPER, Window Shades,

Etc, Etc —for sale by

GEORGE L. STORY

45 Front Street.

P GOLDSMITH J LOEWENBERG

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

(Successors to FREIDMAN & CO)

32 & 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co's Block,

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS,

AND

TINMEN'S STOCK.

AGENCY FOR

TILTON & M'FARLAND'S SAFES

J. FRED MILLER,

PRACTICAL BOOK-BINDER

Corner First and Ash sts over Smith's Drug Store

BLANK BOOKS RULED TO ANY PATTERN OF THE LARGEST extra fine letter paper with or without printed heading Book binding in all its branches Pamphlets Magazines and Periodicals Magazines bound in the best style and at the lowest living prices

Notice.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE STOCK holders of the DIME FELLOWS HALL ASSOCIATION of East Portland on TUESDAY EVENING March 18th, 1873 at 7½ o'clock P M, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and for transacting such other business as may come before the meeting

By order of the President J KENWORTHY

H S WILLIAMS, Secretary mh1 d3t

### Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE GROCERIES, GENERAL CHANDISE AND HORSES

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday

aug20 A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

At Private Sale,

Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS To facilitate dealing Rooms for Keeping Will sometimes will Purchase Second Hand Furniture

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Regular and Peremptory Sale

OF

Groceries, Dry Goods Furniture,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

I WILL SELL AT MY AUCTION SALESROOM under order of G T Myers Assignee of estate of [illegible] bankrupt on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1873

At 10 o'clock A M

1 EXPRESS WAGON
1 set HARNESS
1 HORSE
5 bbls SALT
1 set SPANDRIPS

Also for account of whom it may concern:

Groceries:

187 lbs C O SOAP
7 boxes MARINE SOAP
60 bxs BATH SOAP

ALSO

38 bgs A 2 ISLAND SUGAR,
25 sks LIVERPOOL SALT,
50 chests JAPAN TEA

ALSO,

10 gross SAFETY MATCHES,
240 lbs BARBOUR'S SHOP THREAD

ALSO

One Piano

ALSO

1 ELEGANT WALNUT BEDROOM SET, Mode
1 COTTAGE WALNUT BEDROOM SET,

ALSO,

1 AMERICAN HORSE

ALSO,

Parlor, Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Fire Insurance.

CARD FROM

BOSTON MERCHANT

Boston December 1st

CAPT WM B SEARS *Agent Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California*

DEAR SIR—In recognition of the very business-like manner in which our losses by fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, whose policies it was our good fortune to hold we take pleasure in inviting you to use our names as references. Very truly yours,

Nichols Parker & Dupee, Hapgood & Co.,
Mann Bowers & Sawyer,
Coon, Crocker & Hobart,
Converse & Stanwood,
Brooks & Young
Spaulding & Wardwell
Smith Stebbins & Co.,
D Webster King & Co,

Melondy, Hixon & Co.
Minor, Seal & Hixon
Homer & Sawyer
Geo Wm Reed & Co
Brandon Stanton & Co.
Carter Mann & Co.
Frank F Hodges
Farley, Arms & Co

D J STAPLES, Pres
ALPHEUS BOLL, Vice Pres
GEO D DORNIN, Secretary
WM J BURTON, Assistant Sec
THOS C GRANT, General Agent

Eastern Department,

No. 114 Broadway, New York

SKEELS & BOUGHTON, Managers.

Western Department.

No 177 Madison street, Chicago

THOS B CHARD, Manager

OREGON BRANCH

No. 5 Stark street, Portland

GEORGE F. GRANT, Manager

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Capital .... $1.000

JOHN H REDINGTON
GEO H HOWARD
CHAS R STORY
N B EDDY
H H HOLLOW

DIRECTORS

Oregon Branch.

PORTLAND P Wasserman G H Lewis, E Kelly
D Macleay, Lloyd Brooks

SALEM
ALBANY
DALLES
LEWISTON

HAMILTON BOYD

Agent for Oregon and Washington

UNION MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE.

ALL AUTHORITY OF S R MORSE TO TRANSact business for the above named Company ceased the first day of January 18-3

H H JOHNSTON

mh17dtf General Managers for the Pacific

Spring and Summer Stock

IN

SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS

Are ready at

MEUSSDORFFER'S

Wholesale and Retail

NEW STYLES BY EVERY STEAMER

Agency for the Sale of

W. W. HARDING'S

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS

AND

FAMILY BIBLES

THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD

AT PUBLISHERS PRICES

JOHN C. HODGE & CO.

Importers and Wholesale Stationers

317, 319 and 321 Sansome street

SAN FRANCISCO

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY

McKILLOP, GROSS & CO.,

Pittock's Block Portland

Head Offices

McKILLOP & SPRAGUE COMPANY, San Francisco

FOR PROTECTION OF TRADE AND COLLECTION of Debts Supplies information as to responsible mercantile and manufacturing houses to all Merchants throughout the United States Canada and Europe Special attention given to collection of claims locally in which we are resident

Their new PACIFIC READY REFERENCE, containing ratings of traders etc, under the KEY of CREDIT and CAPITAL now in press will be SHORTLY ISSUED Terms of subscription ascertained at the Agency Secret printed and issued every day Non subscribers requested to observe our complete method

MATZOTH! MATZOTH!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the Israelites of Portland and vicinity that he is prepared to make and supply matzoth for the

First Class Matzoth

AT THE

COMING PASSOVER FESTIVAL

I BLOOM & CO

feb25d1m Cor Second and Pine



# The Daily Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH

CITY.


Yesterday morning broke cloudy and somewhat gale sant, and notwithstanding the unpropitious, before ten o' it became very evident that the parade would not be fulfilled Great has been made by our Irish citizens celebrations of the recurring an the birth of Ireland's Patron S ery hour an unusual bustle was on the streets, as the members o ve and military organizations w and fro while the officers of t be seen actively engaged in makin preparations for forming thi

ELEVEN O'CLOCK

was the hour appointed for th to move At 10.30 the steamer Vancouver having on board the Band a delegation of 20 membe borers Benevolent Society, and ladies and gentlemen They wer wharf by several of the officers and escorted to the St Charles H main until other portions of the could be formed A few minu o'clock the Last Portland Brass Ba ing the Lamont Guards marched the Armory of that Company on to the Armory of the Washing Company was in rece the procession, and the two Co marched to the rende Third and Stark streets the Vancouver Band over delegation, headed tary Band marched from the St tel and joined the procession at fore designated Promptly at 11 Marshal McGleason, aided b ants began the formation o cession First came the East Po dressed in neat uniform and m p

tion and Commission.

B. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER
ner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL
CHANDISE AND HORSES

ays—Wednesday and Saturday.

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

at Private Sale,
assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUOR
AL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS
declining House keeping I will mention the
ase Second Hand Furniture.
A B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

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OF
ceries, Dry Goods
Furniture.
ERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.
SELL AT MY AUCTION SALESROOM,
(G T Myers, Assignee of estate of R Frost
ON
DNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1873,
At 10 o'clock, A M
XPRESS WAGON
H HARNESS,
ORES,
ons SALT
SUNDRIES
, for account of whom it may concern.

Groceries:
es C O O SOAP,
es MARINE SOAP,
es BATH SOAP
ALSO,
gs No. 2 ISLAND SUGAR,
s LIVERPOOL SALT,
hests JAPAN TEA.
ALSO,
rons SAFETY MATCHES,
s BARBOUR'S SHOE THREAD.
ALSO,
One Piano!
ALSO,
ANT WALNUT BEDROOM SET, Marble
COTTAGE WALNUT BEDROOM SET.
ALSO,
AMERICAN HORSE.
ALSO,
lor,
ning-room and
Kitchen Furniture
. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

Fire Insurance.

CARD FROM
TON MERCHANTS

BOSTON, December 15, 1871
M. B. SEARS, *Agent Fireman's Fund Ins Company of California*:
—In recognition of the very courteous a like manner in which our losses by the g vember 9th and 10th were adjusted and set ers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Com fornia, whose policies it was our good for e take pleasure in inviting you to use s references. Very truly yours,
, Parker & Dupee, Melondy, Hixon & Co,
st & Co., Milner, Neal & Hatch,
Bowers & Sawyer, Hosmer & Sprague,
Rocker & Hobart, Geo. Wm. Bond & Co,
n & Stanwood, Brandon Scales Co,
& Young, Carter, Mann & Co,
ng & Wardwell, Frank F Hodges,
Stebbins & Co, Farley, Amsden & Co.
ster King & Co,

STAPLES.....President.
HEUS BULL.....Vice President.
D. DORNIN.....Secretary.
J. DUTTON.....Assistant Secretary.
C. GRANT.....General Agent.

Eastern Department,
14 Broadway, New York
SKEELS & BOUGHTON, Managers.

Western Department.
177 Madison street, Chicago.
THOS. S. CHARD, Manager.

OREGON BRANCH.
Stark street, Portland
ORGE F. GRANT, Manager.

HOME
AL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
AND MARINE INSURANCE
pital .... $1.000.000
. REDINGTON.....President.
. HOWARD.....Vice President.
. STORY.....Secretary.
DDY.....Marine Secretary.
IGELOW.....General Manager.

DIRECTORS:
Oregon Branch.
ND...P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, R. Gelbach
D. Maclay, Lloyd Brooks
.....L. F. Grover
.....A. Chapman
.....D. M. Fechheimer
.....J. Loewenberg
HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory

NION MUTUAL
Life Insurance Company.
NOTICE.
AUTHORITY OF A. B MORSE TO TRANSACT
ness for the above named Company ceases
day of January, 1873.
H M JOHNSTON & CO.,
General Managers for the Pacific Coast

pring and Summer Styles
IN
AND CASSIMERE HA
Are ready at
MEUSSDORFFER'S!
Wholesale and Retail!
STYLES BY EVERY STEAMER

Agency for the Sale of
W. HARDING'S
HOTOGRAPH ALBUMS
AND
MILY BIBLES
FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
AT PUBLISHERS' PRICES.
JOHN G. HODGE & CO.,
rters and Wholesale Stationers
7, 329 and 331 Sansome street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

HE MERCANTILE AGENCY
McKILLOP, GROSS & CO.,
ook's Book, Portland,
Head Offices,
KILLOP & SPRAGUE COMPANY, New York
PROTECTION OF TRADE AND COLLECTION
Debts. Supplies information as to character
ntecedents and mercantile position of Firms,
ns, etc., in the United States, Canada, and
t attention given to collection of debts in
however small or distant.
new PACIFIC READY REFERENCE, con
nes, ratings of traders, etc., under a
CREDIT and CAPITAL, now in press and
RTLY ISSUED. Terms of subscription and
ed at the Agency.
ery day. Non subscribers are requested to
out complete method.

ATZOTH MATZOTH
UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY
form the Israelites of Portland and country
pared to make orders for the above
st Class Matzoth
AT THE
COMING PASSOVER FESTIVAL,
1 BLOCH & CO
Second and Pine Sts.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1873

## CITY.

### ERIN GO BRAGH

**Celebration of St. Patrick's Day by the Irish Citizens of Portland—General Parade, Procession, Oration, Banquet, Ball, Etc.**

Yesterday morning broke cloudy but not unpleasant, and notwithstanding apprehensions were entertained that the day would prove unpropitious, before ten o'clock A. M., it became very evident that the predictions of rain would not be fulfilled. Great preparations had been made by our Irish citizens for the celebration of the recurring anniversary of the birth of Ireland's Patron Saint. At an early hour an unusual bustle was observable on the streets, as the members of the several civic and military organizations were hurrying to and fro, while the officers of the day could be seen actively engaged in making the necessary preparations for forming the procession.

ELEVEN O'CLOCK

Was the hour appointed for the procession to move. At 10 30 the steamer arrived from Vancouver, having on board the 21st Infantry Band, a delegation of 20 members of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, and a number of ladies and gentlemen. They were met at the wharf by several of the officers of the day and escorted to the St. Charles Hotel, to remain until other portions of the procession could be formed. A few minutes before 11 o'clock the East Portland Brass Band, headed by the Emmet Guard, marched down from the Armory of that Company on Alder street, to the Armory of the Washington Guard. The latter Company was in readiness to join the procession, and the two Companies and the Band marched to the rendezvous, at the corner of Third and Stark streets. Meantime the Vancouver delegation, headed by the military Band, marched from the St. Charles Hotel and joined the procession at the point before designated. Promptly at 11 o'clock the Marshal M. Gleason, aided by his assistants, began the formation of the procession. First came the East Portland Band, dressed in neat uniform and numbering 19 pieces; next the Washington Guard, numbering 25 muskets; third, Emmet Guard, numbering 35 men; fourth, invited guests in carriages; fifth, the 21st Infantry Band, numbering 17 pieces; sixth, the Vancouver Hibernian Benevolent Society, seventh, the Portland Hibernian Benevolent Society, numbering 80 members.

After leaving the Cathedral, the procession marched as follows: Down Third to B; *down B to Front*; up Front to Main; up Main to First; down First to Ash; up Ash to Fourth to St. Mary's Academy. Arriving at

THE ACADEMY,

the procession marched into the enclosure and were arranged in order about the grounds. As many spectators as could find convenient standing room were admitted by the guards stationed at the gates; but although the half block was thickly crowded, not more than a moiety of the people who had followed the procession, could enter the grounds. As soon as the procession were arranged, the vocal and instrumental exercises of the pupils of the Academy, under direction of the Sisters, commenced. About two hundred of the pupils, ranging in years from nine to eighteen, were arranged in regular order about the piazza, attired in scrupulously neat but plain dresses, and with their pleasant smiling faces presented a most interesting feature of the occasion. The whole school first sang "Saint Patrick's Hymn," accompanied by the harp and organ. This was followed by "An Andante," performed by the East Portland Band, "Beautiful Isle of the Sea," was next rendered in exquisite style by several of the pupils, which was followed by "Stanlein's Duet," very happily rendered by the Military Band. An instrumental duet—harp and organ—was then played by two of the Sisters. This was followed by "St. Patrick's Day" splendidly and spiritedly rendered by the East Portland Band. "We meet to part no More," was very sweetly rendered by the school, and was followed by a dashing gallop from the Infantry Band, the "Pride of the West."

THE EXERCISES

being concluded, the procession filed out at the gates and were again re-formed and marched down Fourth street to Washington; down Washington to First; down First to Oro Fino Theater, where the oration was to be delivered. Those seated in carriages and forming part of the procession were the Orator of the Day, Mr. S. J. McCormick, the President of the Day, Mr. M. J. Gleason, followed by most of the priests of this Diocese, and a number of invited guests.

On arriving in front of the Theater, the procession halted and were allowed to file up the stairway. After the civic and military companies had entered and were comfortably seated, several hundred spectators were admitted, until the large and commodious room was densely packed. The rostrum was occupied by the President of the Day, orator, officers of the several military companies and societies, Grand Marshal and his aids, and a large number of invited guests. The vast assemblage was called to order by the Grand Marshal, M. Gleason, who introduced the President of the Day, Mr. M. J. Gleason. The President then proceeded to make a few appropriate remarks by way of introduction, in which he alluded to the time-honored observance of the day, and congratulated his Irish fellow citizens that the day of the entire liberation of Ireland was near at hand.

ORATION.

The East Portland band discoursed an entertaining strain, when the President introduced the Orator of the Day, Mr. S. J. McCormick. That gentleman came forward and spoke as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: Once more the voice of Erin calls upon her children, in every clime, to assemble upon this festive day, in order to lay upon the sacred altar of our creed and our country, the heart-offerings of the Irish race to the dear land that gave us birth.

From the far distant Island of Saints, across ocean, island and continent, wherever the lot of one of her children may be cast, Erin's plaintive voice is heard to-day, and its music finds a responsive throb in every Irish heart. No mountain so high, no cavern so deep, no valley so secluded, no sea so expansive, no prairie so vast, no forest so dense, but the voice of Erin reaches their remotest recesses, carrying with it new hope, new inspiration, new love, to the heart of every son and daughter of the Emerald Isle. It is this voice—the magic influences of our native land—that has led our footsteps hitherward, to day. It is in response to that voice that the farmer leaves his plow, the mechanic leaves his shop, the merchant leaves his store, the matron and the maid cast aside their household cares, and one and all unite in rendering that homage to our native land, which, from time immemorial has been the annual holocaust of the exiled children of Erin.

A stranger to the cause of Ireland and our country's history witnessing our splendid display of green and gold to-day, and who had listened to the soul-stirring music of Ireland as it reverberated throughout the city, would, doubtless, conclude we were the happiest people in the world—we are happy, but alas! it is the happiness of the present mingled with the sorrow of the past. We are fully conscious of the dignity of manhood which the freedom of this glorious land wears around its citizens, and as co laborers in the great work of erecting, reserving and perpetuating this noble Republic, we can point with pride to all its grandeur and greatness, and proudly tell the world to behold the mighty work in which we have participated.

But, when our eyes turn from gazing upon the star-decked banner of our adopted land, and they rest upon the Emerald ensign of our native Isle, a mist comes over them, a thrill of sorrow pierces the heart, and our gladness is shrouded in gloom. Well may we then exclaim

"We cannot be glad—lonely exiles—we borrow
From pomp and parade but the semblance of glee,
We cannot be glad, while in serfdom and sorrow
Our Brothers are pining beyond the sea.
Though gallant and proud,
Our hearts shall be bowed,
When we think, lovely Erin, of thee and of thine
Though flaunting on high
Our banners may fly,
Though trumpets may blare and drums roll and rattle
And rifles and bayonets flash bright in the ray,
They make but a sigh for one good hour of battle
On green Irish ground—on St. Patrick's Day."

The outlines of the life of the great Irish Apostle, St. Patrick, are doubtless familiar to a majority of the vast assemblage. It is needless, therefore, that I should dwell upon his early sufferings, his capture and transmission into slavery, his subsequent escape or the many other incidents connected with his early career. These facts form but the preliminary chapters in the life of our venerable Saint, whose prayers and penitential works, whose sanctity and humility so charmed the minds, and captivated the hearts of the Irish people that they gladly accepted the sweet yoke of the cross from his hands, and so true have they been in their perpetual allegiance to God, that Ireland may well be styled the brightest star in the constellation of Christian nations.

There is, however, one spectacle in the life of our Apostle that I desire to bring vividly before your minds to day, I allude to the time, the place and the manner of his conversion of the Irish people. Picture to your imaginations, then, Easter Sunday morning nearly fourteen centuries ago. As the mist rolls back, we can behold Ireland clad in the emerald verdure of spring. Her hill sides and her valleys bedecked with nature's flowers, beautiful in their very simplicity, whilst the air is resonant with the melody of birds. Above all, the sun smiles down upon the land, dispelling, as it were, by its rays the darkness of paganism that hung over it, and causing it to assume even in the hearts of the pagan people.

Behold then, on such a morning, Tara's classic Hill, where had gathered the Monarchs, Bards, Druids and the Chivalry of Ireland. In the centre and near the summit upon whose crest proudly floated the glorious "sun-burst" of Erin, sat the great king Laoghaire, surrounded by his Druids and his Bards. Below them again was seated the martial throng, each clansman clad in the chosen colors of his sept.

A solemn silence has fallen over all, when suddenly the air was rent by the melody of a thousand harps, and above them is heard the voices of the minstrels chanting psalms to their native land.

How sublime must have been this sight to the astonished sight of both pagan and Christian on that memorable day. Scarce had the martial music died away, and its echoes were lost in the murmurings of the Boyne, ere the monarchs and the multitude beheld a sight that ravished their very senses. Approaching from the distance, ascending the hill with the slow pace of religious dignity, they saw a small band of men whose simple garb and humble mien presented a strange anomaly to the warlike Irish. In the van marched a youthful Benignus—one of the Apostle's first converts—bearing aloft in all the conscious pride of a disciple, the sacred symbol of Christianity. Next came the great Apostle himself, robed in chasuble and mitre, clad in vestments whose whiteness were doubly emblematic of the purity of his life and his creed. He moved forward, bearing in his hands the staff of our Savior, and sing ing that beautiful canticle whose words are preserved to this day.

What hope, what joy, what celestial happiness must not have animated the pure heart of our venerated Saint in that hour, as he beheld that living panorama before him, and saw, with the eyes of faith, salvation for the entire Irish race. Having gained the summit of the Hill and appeared in the presence of the monarch, the holy Apostle unfolded to the gaze of the astonished Irish, the sublime mysteries of the Christian faith. Point by point was debated by them ere they could believe, and on one point—the Trinity—they seemed incredulous, as they could not conceive how three could exist in one. Stooping down and plucking from its verdant bed the tiny shamrock, the Apostle held it aloft to their gaze, bidding them behold that even nature confounded their false reasoning. Seeing this, the chief bard per of the King arose, and, exalting his voice, cried out, "Hear me, O high kings and chieftains of the land! I now declare that this man who comes to us speaks from God. I bow before Patrick's God, and as long as I live this harp of mine shall never sound again save in the praise of Christianity and its God."

Prophetic words! That ancient minstrel spoke the words of Ireland herself, whose harp to this day has never resounded one note that was not consonant with her fidelity to her faith.

The mandate of God dispersed the Apostles throughout the world; they carried the sacred seeds of Christianity into the most enlightened portions of Asia, Africa and Europe. Even Greece, the cradle of learning, and that holy city upon whose walls fell the celestial shadow of the Savior himself, were invited to the one true fold. But alas! where to-day can we look for the fruits of their labors? Not in Africa, where paganism runs riot; not in Asia, where the doctrines of Confucius have supplanted Christianity; in Europe, even, the false philosophy of the past has so corrupted the Christian heart that it but seldom turns to its Creator. Persecution has done its work and the crescent has supplanted the cross. Not so, however, in Ireland. From the first moment she embraced Christianity she became at once the guardian of that faith which she nourished, like the faithful Pelican, with her best blood. When the spirit of Christianity began to extend its influence in Ireland, then commenced the grandest exodus the Christian world ever witnessed. Year after year, decade after decade, century after century, we behold the immigration of the Irish people, who, in obedience to the *fiat* of God, have carried their faith unto the ends of the earth. In the earliest ages she sent her learned and holy men to carry the light of literature and faith into distant lands, whose people sat in "the darkness and shadow of death." In her riper years she sent her warriors and statesmen to fight the battles and guide the ships of State in every leading nation; in her mature age she sends forth her missionaries of the cross, not by tens, nor hundreds, nor thousands, but by millions, to preach and practice the faith which fell from the lips of our Saintly Apostle. Every Irishman, though poor his lot, and limited his sphere, has the field of a missionary in this land if he is true to himself, his creed and his country. But not to Irishmen alone is this work limited, but in this, as in all other Christian duties, he is aided and encouraged by every Irish maid, wife and mother; surrounded as they are by that halo of virtue which makes them akin to angels, they exert a holy influence around all that pertains to the sanctuary of God.

Does not such a record hurl back with the power of the bolts of Jove the islanders and sneers of those pigmy parasites whose hatred can leave no stains upon the escutcheon of our race? No other nation, not even Rome itself—the keystone of the Christian arch—can point back to such a noble record as this.

Having thus feebly sketched for you the Ireland of the past, let us turn our eyes upon the Ireland of to-day. Imagine yourselves standing in the parish of your birth; picture to yourselves the scenes of your youth. Yonder stood the old Church, venerable in years and holy in its associations, the spot where you received the first germs of your faith. In the distance stood the ruins of some ancient castle, whose walls had stood the shock of many a fray. Down in that valley nestled the lonely school house, and over against yonder hill stood "the old home at home." But where are they now? Vanished as if life was but a dream. Vainly you look around for one familiar object to break the monotony of the landscape. The green fields are beneath your feet, the blue sky is above, but these are all that remind you that you stand in the land of your birth. With throbbing heart, well might you exclaim

"Where now is my cabin-door fast by the wildwood
Sisters and sire did weep for its fall,
Where is the mother that watched o'er my childish rest
And where is my bosom friend, dearer than all
Ah! my sad soul long abandoned by pleasure
Why dit it dost on a hut fading treasure
Tears, like the rain, may fall without measure,
But rapture and beauty they cannot recall.
But yet, all the fond recollections expressing,
One dying wish my bosom shall drive
Erin! an exile bequeaths his blessing—
Land of my forefathers! *Erin go bragh!*
But fold and cold when my heart stilled emotion
Green by thy fields unsolest Isle of the ocean
And the harp striking hands sing aloud with devotion
Erin Mavourneen! sweet *Erin go bragh!*"

Church, castle and cabin alike have been demolished by the vandal hands of the enemies of our religion and our race. They hoped through the destruction of the church and the martyrdom of its holy inmates, to "stamp out" the last spark of our faith. Vain hope! vain destruction! Though the ancient churches may have crumbled into ruins, thank Heaven! the ancient faith still remains. Though the ancient walls of our historical castles may have fallen before the cannon of the invader, yet the glory of their greatness remains to this day. And, though the walls of the humble Irish cabin may have been leveled to the dust by the hands of the ruthless "Crowbar Brigade," yet the guiding hand of God has led its inmates into other lands, there to erect new churches, there to build new homes, that no tyrant hand of monarchy dares assail. Still, deprived as we have been in the past, of our altars, our homes, our language and our liberty, we yet possess—after centuries of persecution and exile—two precious gifts, which no earthly despot can reach—the enduring fire of Faith, and undying love for Ireland.

Perhaps there dwells in Ireland to-day the parents and kindred of many of those I see around me, yet for them no marital music sounds, for them no green flag flutters in the breeze, with them there can be no demonstration of their love for their native land, except as the national feeling wells up in their hearts as they kneel before some sainted shrine and mingle the names of the loved ones here to day with their holiest aspirations.

Mayhap, however, the trials of life may have seared the hearts of those we've left behind us, and dimmed the shadow of our names upon memory's shrine, still, there is one day when our names are mentioned at the household hearth, when our presence shall be missed, and when peace and prosperity will be invoked upon our wandering steps by the fervent prayer of an Irish mother's heart! No words can express the depth and intensity of an Irish mother's love! No sacrifice too great, no toil too wearisome, no trials too heavy, in order to guide and protect her children, rendering them worthy their creed and their race.

It is on such occasions as this that we should look back upon our past lives, and inwardly ask ourselves how far we have carried out the holy precepts taught us at our mother's knee. Distracted as we are by the turmoils of life, tossed as we are upon the surging waves of time, engulphed in care, toil, and grief, such feelings as gush from the heart when we conjure up the memory of our over beautiful mother, makes us feel as if that precious moment was an oasis in the desert of life. Though time may have erased from our memory the faces and forms of all that were near and dear to us in our native land, though the silent grave may long since have claimed all we held sacred in life, there is one face that never changes, there is one form that never fades—the face and form of our sainted mother!

What, you ask, are the men in Ireland doing for their country to-day? I am proud to answer they are doing their duty nobly. Never, since the days of O'Connell, has the enthusiasm of the Irish people been so aroused as during the past two years. "Tenant Right" and "Home Rule" are the watchwords of the nation in the present hour, and under their magic influence the bickerings of religious hatred have been buried in the dust. That old hulk—the established church—is a thing of the past; the law of landlord and tenant has been so amended that heartless evictions will soon be unknown, and no tyrant landlord can turn out his tenants to starve and die, robbing them in an hour of the fruits of their life's labor. Home Rule has rallied around it the best and purest patriots of the nation. It has thrown down the barricade of creeds so that the Priest and the Parson now address the people from the same hustings. To us who have known the enmity which the demon of religious discord has caused in the past, this sign of unity is gratifying indeed.

The people, too, emboldened by the unity that marks the movements of their leaders, are more united as well, an elevated tone seems to mark their deliberations, and their faith in the ultimate success of Home Rule is abiding. Those I know are cheering words to all that hear them to-day; cheering not only to your hearts and mine, but to every lover of true and religious liberty throughout the land. God save Ireland! is the prayer nearest our hearts to day, and any effort that is now made by the "men in the gap" towards Ireland's ultimate redemption from English misrule, meets with a hearty approval in every freeman's breast.

Having thus, as it were, heard those "glad tidings of great joy," from the land of our birth let us turn to the land next dearest our hearts—the home of our adoption. The heart of Ireland, and of her people, has ever beat in sympathy with the cause of America. Though in bondage herself, her prayer has ever been that the land, where so many of her sons have found homes and freedom, might be the everlasting abode of liberty.

When in 1776 the Continental Congress resolved openly to cast off the yoke of England, they published an address to the nations of Europe, among others to the Irish people. Ireland then had a Parliament of her own, and, through her representatives, openly avowed her sympathy with the American cause. Knowing this fact, the American Congress thus addressed them: "Forget us to assure you that it is with the utmost reluctance we could prevail upon ourselves to cease our commercial connection with your Island. Your Parliament had done us no wrong; you had ever been friendly to the rights of mankind; and we acknowledge with pleasure and with gratitude, that your nation has produced patriots who have nobly distinguished themselves in the cause of humanity and America." It was but natural that such a chord of sympathy should extend from Ireland to America.

By a singular coincidence, both people clamored for redress from English wrongs at the same time. Both began with the navigation act, taxation and free trade; both obtained the recognition of their demands the same year, under the same monarch and the same ministry. Thus, hand in hand, went Columbia and Erin to the portals of the Parliament-House of England, demanding and securing a recognition of their rights. The bond of friendship thus early formed, has been cemented by the blood of Ireland on one side and the sympathy of America on the other.

These were the glorious days of Erin's greatness, ere English gold had corrupted the pure stream of patriotism that flowed through the hearts of the people. A century has passed since then, yet we honor the memories of Ireland's patriots.

"We love the memory of the brave,
The faithful and the few,
Some lie far off beyond the wave,
Some sleep in Ireland too.
All, all are gone; but still lives on
The fame of those who died—
All true men, like you, men,
Remember them with pride."

We cherish, therefore, with pride and gratitude, the honor and responsibilities conferred on us as citizens by the Constitution of our adopted land; and in all that pertains to fealty to this Republic, obedience to its laws, care for its present welfare, and hope for its future greatness, the Irish American race stands in the van of adopted citizens. From the first dawn of liberty our people have been true to their obligations in the land of their adoption. Irish blood and Irish valor vindicated the American cause in every Revolutionary battle, from Lexington to Yorktown, where the sun of British power went down with the surrender of Cornwallis. Again, in 1812, when the tocsin of war sounded, calling to arms the American people, none were more eager to lead the van than the Irish adopted citizens.

And when Mexico became belligerent, and in the late civil strife, no hands were more willing, no hearts more brave, to carry the Stars and Stripes triumphantly through every battle. As it has been in the past, so it will be in the future, if the destiny of this nation should ever need the strong arms and willing hearts of the Irish in America.

Events have transpired since last we met, the recital of which, I know, will send a thrill of joy through every Irish heart. During the last year Ireland has been the most honored among the nations of the earth. I see from your anxious faces and inquiring eyes you are eager to learn what happy event has thus cast a ray of sunshine across the dark path of our beloved Erin; I will not, therefore, keep you in suspense. The nation which has caused the heart of down trodden Erin to throb with joy, and caused the smile of pride and pleasure to linger on the lips of our captive Isle, was none other than our ancient enemy, England, and the event which led to this gleam of happiness was the advent of Froude in America. You look incredulous, and well you may, but nevertheless the fact is patent, that England, cold, cruel, and calculating as she is in all her plots and plans for the enslavement of the Irish race, has overreached herself at last, and the odium which she sought to cast upon Ireland, and her children throughout the world, has recoiled upon herself, covering her with unfading obloquy and shame.

Two great nations—France and Germany—have recently passed through a sanguinary war. The American people, native and adopted, were divided in sentiment upon the merits of either cause. The press, too, held opposite views with regard to the cause and conduct of the struggle. Still, amidst all the clashing of ideas through press and people, neither the French nor Prussian power sent emissaries here to mould public opinion or bias the press. The diversity of opinion among the American people upon the question of Ireland's Independence is not greater than that which existed upon the Franco-Prussian war. But, let us glance at England's action under the circumstances.

From time immemorial the policy of England has been, in order to overthrow a nation or keep it in slavery, first to destroy its public opinion, suborn its press, ruin its confidence in itself at home, destroy its influence abroad, and thus it falls an easy prey to Anglo Saxon greed. Such has been England's policy in the past, and, true to her ancient instinct, she has carried it out during the year just closed.

Every observant man must have marked a growing public sentiment in favor of Irish freedom among the press and people of America since the conclusion of our civil war. The manly patriotism displayed by the Irish element in that memorable conflict, compared with the treachery of England, raised up a million voices for Erin under the stars and stripes. As the scourge of the Irish heart and the genius of the Irish mind made their impress upon the history of this Republic, the American people saw at a glance that we were not the orphans which the English minions had pictured us. The light of Irish history, too, began to dawn upon the inquiring American mind, as the robust intellect of this country grasped the causes which led to Ireland's ruin. Then, indeed, it became apparent to millions of free Americans that the cause of liberty, the cause of human rights, the cause of Christianity itself were deeply outraged so long as Ireland lay in chains, beneath the feet of English usurpation.

England saw this growing public sentiment, so disastrous to her future, and trembled as she witnessed the overthrow in a day of the infamous doctrines she had striven for years to instill into the minds of the American people. Knowing full well the potency of public opinion in this land, where the *vox populi* makes and unmakes men who are more powerful than kings,—well knowing the far reaching power of this gigantic lever she trembled to see it used in the cause of Ireland.

To check this rapid growth of public opinion among the only nation she dreads on earth, England sent an emissary here to turn the tide of popular opinion in her favor. Like Canute of old, when he stood by the sea, so did England's emissary come among us, and with all the haughty air of that monarchy whose minion he was, he proclaimed to the American people—in all that concerns Ireland "thus far shall you go and no further."

England showed great wisdom in the selection of Froude, her greatest living historian, an able essayist, an untiring student, to whom the musty parchments of the English archives are as familiar as household words. He embodied within himself the logic to convince, the sophistry to deceive, and the eloquence to attract. But neither his eloquence, his logic, or his sophistry could turn the tide of public opinion. The American people saw at a glance that his facts were founded upon fiction, and his efforts to torture historical truths, so as to bolster up his unholy cause, became at once apparent. He came among us a great historian, a learned essayist, he left our shores despised as an ingrate who sought to ruin the national character of that people, whom he himself had told us, had extended the open hand of friendship in their native land, who had honored him as a stranger when in health, and when sick, had nursed him kindly, had tendered him and cherished him as he lay beneath the peaceful roof of a happy Irish home.

Not in America alone was this feeling of animosity toward the sentiments of Froude made manifest. It flew around the world on the wings of electricity, and in every land where freedom found a foothold, universal condemnation was the verdict of the people. Even in England itself, as Froude placed his foot upon his native soil, the liberal men of intelligence and worth raised aloud their voices through the giant press, proclaiming their horror of the dangerous doctrines advocated by the eulogist of Henry VIII. and the executioner of the cruel Cromwell. Thus doubly condemned, at home and abroad, Froude has gone down to that depth of infamy where smoulder the hated memories of his deified Henry and his worshiped Cromwell;—and with them let him rest, a triumvirate of tyrants fit only to reign in the regions of Pluto.

Scarce had the receding figure of Froude departed from the public gaze, scarcely had the echoes of his voice died upon the public ear, ere his place was filled by one whose garb and features bespoke at once the dual character of the Irish patriot and the *Seagarth aroon!*

Like St. Patrick, whom he converted the Irish at Tara, Father Burke was clothed in the pure robes of his sacred calling. Bearing in his heart the green flag of Ireland and upon his breast the insignia of his holy character, he stood before the thousands and tens of thousands that flocked to hear him, and proclaimed to the world the story of Ireland as told in her ruins. His eloquence, his earnestness, his truth, carried conviction at once to the minds of his hearers. With Truth and Erin on his side he needed not the aid of sophistry or fiction. He leveled to the dust the pyramid of falsehood which Froude had erected; he successfully defended Ireland in the past, he vindicated her in the present, and he raised new hopes in every Irish heart for her happy future. Nor could it be otherwise, whilst

"On *our* side was virtue and Erin,
On *Froude's* was the Saxon and guilt!"

This, then, is the event which has given a new impetus to the freedom loving mind of America, and caused to throb for Erin thousands of sympathetic hearts which were imbued with the spirit of liberty from their first pulsation, and that hope yet to see Ireland free. Ireland has produced many brilliant men, whose oratory and learning have called forth the encomiums of the world; few, however, of her sons are more worthy of her fame than Father Tom Burke. In his glorious defense of his creed and his country he was indeed "the pillar and ground of truth;" and, if for no other act than this, the people of Ireland owe him a debt of gratitude which they should never forget. Nor should our remembrance of the triumph of Father Burke end with his life. No. When the eloquence of that tongue is hushed in death, when that brilliant mind becomes a blank, when those lustrous eyes have ceased to shine, and that brave Irish heart is still, then, indeed, we can prove our veneration for the honored Irish patriot priest.

"We'll build him up a monument
With Emmet, Sheares and Tone,
With our country's brightest martyrs,
When Ireland is our own.
We'll build it on some verdant hill
Where the Irish winds shall blow
Their history round admiring earth
To the nations in their woe,
And with our swords the legend free
Will carve upon it then:
'One true man, dead for liberty,
Is worth a thousand men!'"

A few years ago Ireland was represented but by a single society in Oregon bearing its name. As our numbers increased, however, new ideas were disseminated, and the Emmet Guard sprung into life from the ranks of the patriotic Fenians. Time rolled on until at length we behold the pure banner of Father Mathew unfurled to the breeze. These organizations, civil and military, well represent the Irish mind to-day, emblematic as they are of prudence, bravery and temperance. Charity and forethought animates the members of the Hibernian Benevolent Society who "visit the sick and bury the dead." The military ardor of the future citizen soldiery of the Republic, can find ample scope and education in the ranks of the Emmet Guards, thus fostering that martial spirit which has characterized the Irish race in all ages and in every land. And lastly, under the banner of Father Mathew, we behold a safeguard to every Irishman so that he may be protected from that hidden gulf which has been the grave of so many good and gifted men. In these societies, too, we behold the prominent ideas which will, in the future, lead to the liberation of Ireland. In the past history of our native land, we find, in every struggle she has made since 1782, that the ardor of her patriots was not always tempered with that prudence and forethought which, on many a battlefield, makes victory perch upon the banners of the weaker side. This lesson we should ponder well. Let us mould the future from the experience of the past and, having discovered our vulnerable points, so fortify ourselves for the coming struggle that prudence will direct our military ardor, and sobriety guide the hand that holds the rifle. Thus we will be better qualified for the post of honor, whether in the tented field or in the more peaceful walks of civil life, and with the memory of Hibernia, Emmet, and Mathew impressed upon our hearts, be better men in every sphere, better Irishmen. Prudence will guide our councils, and render us an equal match in diplomacy with Ireland's enemies at home or abroad. The memory of Emmet will keep alive in our breasts that patriotism which teaches us that

"Freedom's battle once begun
Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son,
Though baffled oft, is ever won"

And the memory of the great and good Apostle of Temperance will, like the memory of that holy Apostle whose feast we are now celebrating, bring peace and good will to the heart and home of every son of the Emerald Isle. Then, when Ireland resumes her place among the nations of the earth—when the iron heel of the despot is lifted from the prostrate form of Erin, and she stands erect once more in all the pride of new won freedom—then, indeed, will the world behold the consummation of heaven's decree. Like her glorious Apostle, Ireland has been in slavery, and like unto him, she will be liberated when Omnipotence decrees it. True to Her God from the first dawn of Christianity to this day, true to her martyrs, her virgins and her countless saints; true to her patriots, her heroes, her historians, her philosophers, her poets; true to her children in every hour of war, famine, pestilence and death dear Isle! behold the completion of thy captivity! Arise forth and receive thy reward! In spirit we can behold the Goddess of Liberty bursting asunder the galling chains that bind our lovely Erin, while the genius of Columbia will lead her gently forth and welcome her among the galaxy of free nations, where she will be glorified and guarded as the youngest sister of Republics. In that happy hour of triumph

Oh call your children, Erin!
Call with a prophet's cry,
Bid them link in Union—Erin!
And not like men, or die.
Call your soldiers from each valley,
Call your sons from the sea—
Bid to a million children rally
To behold our Erin free!

THE BANQUET.

After the conclusion of the oration, which, in justice we must pronounce as a scholarly and eloquent effort, a stirring Irish air was discoursed by the band. The procession marched out, was reformed and after passing through several of the principal streets, halted in front of Masonic Hall, where had been spread a most sumptuous collation. Three long tables, loaded with a profusion of choice viands, extended the entire length of the room. All who had participated in the exercises of the day marshaled into the Hall and were assigned seats. Not less than 400 persons were seated at one time around the tables, notwithstanding which fact there was an abundance of room and plenty of food. Half an hour or more was devoted to the discussion of the viands, when the regular toasts were announced.

THE TOASTS.

The clatter of knives and forks, rattling of plates, and the ceaseless flow of vivacious conversation, which combined to create a babel din, was at length caused to cease at the request of the President. Order was restored and the following toasts were given, to which responses were promptly made:

First—"The Day We Celebrate;" responded to by J. Donovan, Esq.

Second—"The President of the United States;" by Hon. John F. Caples.

Third—"The Press, the Lever of Liberty;" by James O'Meara.

Fourth—"The Army and Navy of the United States, the Bulwark of Our Liberties;" by Col. A. P. Dennison.

Fifth—"The Speedy Liberation of Ireland," by J. Mortimer Murphy, Esq.

Sixth—"Our Irish Sonnetes," by S. J. McCormick, Esq.

Seventh—"Our Invited Guests," by I. M. King.

Eighth—"Our State Militia," by Captain J. R. Wiley.

Between each toast and the response music by the bands was interspersed. Each effort made by the person who responded to the call was greeted with tumultuous applause; and cheer on cheer rose as each speaker resumed his seat until the solid walls fairly vibrated, and all present were hoarse with their demonstrations of hearty approbation and endorsement of the sentiments uttered. These boisterously pleasant exercises were indulged in until the whistle of the Vancouver steamer admonished the delegations from abroad that the hour for retiring had arrived. Again for the third time was the procession reformed, and, headed by the bands, with colors flying, the Infantry Band and the Vancouver Hibernian Benevolent Society, were escorted to the foot of Washington street, where the steamer was lying. Amidst mutual congratulations and the mingling strains of sweet music, the steamer swung out in the stream and the delegation passed down the river from sight.

The procession then turned, and after marching through some of the principal streets, were escorted by the band to their respective armories and halls. So ended the parade for the day.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Although cool and cloudy, the day could not have been more pleasant. The absence of sunshine rendered the marching agreeable and not attended with heat and the fatigue which always ensues.

The music furnished by both bands was all that could have been desired, both in the essentials of time and melody. Constant practice have rendered the 21st Infantry band very proficient in the rendition of many excellent selections, which they gave with much spirit and gusto. But we cannot omit to mention the character of the music furnished by the East Portland Band. This band, under the joint leadership of Profs. Thomas Parrott and Chas. Bray, numbered nineteen. They were very neatly uniformed and never appeared to a better advantage. Considering the fact that there are but two or three professional musicians among the members, our citizens have reason to feel proud of the proficiency which this band have made. Their efforts yesterday were highly creditable.

Throughout the day no incident occurred which served to mar in the least degree the freedom and enjoyment of any of the participants. No accidents occurred, and the best possible degree of good feeling and harmony existed.

A profusion of flags were displayed by the several companies and societies. Along the line of the procession, in more places than one, could be seen the green flag of the Emerald Isle, and our own honored colors, mingling their folds in friendly brotherhood as they were proudly spread to the breeze.

THE BALL.

The ball given last evening under the auspices of the Portland Hibernian Benevolent Society, at the new Masonic Hall, which closed the exercises of the day, was one of the successful events of this season. The large hall was thronged with a gay assemblage of ladies and gentlemen. Over a hundred couple were present during the evening and all appeared to enjoy themselves finely. The walls and end of the hall were tastily decorated with the Irish and American flags, while over the musicians' stand a large silken banner was suspended, on which was painted in life size, the picture of the great Irish patriot and martyr, Robert Emmet. A number of handsome pictures were placed about the room imparting an air of taste and refinement pleasant to the eye. The music furnished by the East Portland String Band was very excellent. Everything went as

### Credit Mobilier.

This is a foggy subject. There are few persons who know how to pronounce the words, fewer still know what the words mean, and still fewer know why a great American swindle should be covered up with a jaw-breaking French phrase.

And if possible, there is even a smaller number of persons who are able to decide in their own minds just what the truth is concerning a subject that has filled all the newspapers, sped over the telegraph wires, rolled from the oiled tongues of stump orators, and passed from lip to lip in all public, and private, and second gatherings for the last three or four months. Who is guilty? Who knows? We are only sure that some of our national idols have fallen! Names that a large majority of our people have delighted to praise, are darkly covered with dishonor. The nation has passed under a cloud. She has suffered in the eyes of the world a deeper humiliation, than she could have suffered by any number of battles lost in honorable war. The capital of the nation has suddenly gained an unenviable reputation as a festering den of corruption, and the Congress of the United States is esteemed by many if not of unclean birds whose chief trade is prey.

We do not say that these conclusions are necessarily correct, but we do say that they are the conclusions of large numbers of honest people. Perhaps the saddest part of the whole affair is that the innocent have suffered with the guilty. Poor dog Tray has got into Congress, and thousands of honest people in mistaken fury are hurling stones at him. And it is one of the few instances in which poor Tray could not help being in bad company.

We do not by any means sympathize with the sweeping charges of corruption that many are inclined to make. We have faith in the people yet, and some faith even in the present Congress. There may not be righteous men enough in it to deal with the rascals to the full extent of the law, but there are at least enough to save the national capital from the fate of Sodom. One point in the matter must strike the most casual observer. That is the fact, that those men who have been most believed, have fallen most heavily. Some of them were most honored by the church as well as by the State. And extremes have met very strikingly. Ames, the sinner, has been brought into a suggestive proximity to Harlan, the saint. Saints or sinners, we say let them fall. Neither the church nor State has any use for either, except it be "to point a moral or adorn a tale." To that end let them stand, side by side, forever as illustrations of the sad truth that human nature from the highest to the lowest, is subject to temptation, and that nothing so fearfully tempts it as money.—*Farmer.*

A Washington dispatch to the New York *Times*, of date March 2d, says.

The Postmaster-General denies the telegraphed report that the files of the department show that Mr. Colfax was the attorney or lobbyist of Mr. Nesbitt. He says that finding the Nesbitt contract for stamped envelopes had been extended by his predecessor without advertising for competition, he referred the question of its legality to the Attorney-General, who decided that it was without the sanction of law, and that the department should terminate the same on reasonable notice and issue proposals for a new contract, which was done. Meantime, the question arose as to a temporary supply until the supply of the new contract should commence, and it was this temporary supply that Mr. Colfax urged that the heirs of Nesbitt, who died in 1869, having the necessary building, machinery and materials, and not having forfeited the contract by any malfeasance, should have an opportunity to work up until a new contract was let, or that they be allowed to present an argument as to the validity of their contract as extended. These views as to a temporary supply seemed so just and reasonable that they were adopted by the department, and the heirs of Mr. Nesbitt employed to furnish the temporary supply, though at a reduced cost of 15 per cent. upon the old prices. The extension had been pronounced illegal by the attorney-general and no argument upon that point would have availed against his decision, no matter from whom it came. The postmaster-general further says that he never supposed for a moment that Mr. Colfax designed or attempted to influence him in his official action in any improper manner whatever, and that similar suggestions as to the interests of constituents are frequently made by members of Congress without comment or intimation of their impropriety.

WORLDLY GRIEF.—It is said that the following letter was written to a lady by a bereaved and stricken widow in Cincinnati:

*Dearest Louisa*—Darling John died last night. Congestion of the lungs. Our loss is his again. I will join him on the other shore. I have ordered the loveliest mohair for the funeral—made with polonaise and trimmed with real point lace. Loss covered by insurance on the ten year plan; will be paid in sixty days. I know you sorrow with me. We had four doctors, at $2a visit. Aunt Maria will not go into mourning, because she has just bought her fall and winter things. Her bonnet is a straw. There is a balm in Gilead; but my heart is nearly broken. Send me a cent pattern of the sacque of yours. Your devoted SARAH.

TELEGRAPHING THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.—The transmission of the Queen's Speech by telegraph the other day is stated to be among the fastest on record. The speech contained 858 words, telegraphically speaking, and it was transmitted to York, by Wheatstone's automatic instrument, in six and a half minutes, or at a speed of 132 words a minute. To Birmingham, Manchester and Liverpool, it was transmitted by the same means in seven and three-quarters minutes; to Nottingham, Sheffield, Leeds and Newcastle in seven and three-quarters minutes, and to Bradford in eight minutes. The quickest of the hand-sending circuits was that to Reading, where the speech was finished in eighteen and a half minutes, the speed being 47 words a minute.

A representative hoax was played on the Legislature of Missouri the other day. It having been reported that the Hon. T. J Kelley, the member from Camden county, had died from quick consumption, speeches highly eulogistic of the deceased were made; both Houses passed resolutions of condolence, and adjourned out of respect to his memory, and a committee was appointed to escort the remains of the deceased legislator to Linn Creek. The committee, in endeavoring to fulfill its duty, discovered Mr. Kelley at his boarding house in the act of taking a very substantial dinner, and concluded to dispense with any funeral ceremonies. A search was made for the author of the false report, who was finally discovered in the person of a small boy, who, it is safe to say, will never figure as the juvenile hero of a Sunday school book.

A strange story is told of Marshal Lobeuf. He went to Chislehurst to pay the last tribute of respect to his master. When ushered into the narrow chamber where his late chief lay in state, he knelt by the coffin side, sobbed bitterly, and addressed the incarnate clay in tones of entreaty, the only audible words being, "Forgive me, forgive me, sire," and these were heard time and again. When he rose he staggered so violently that members of the household went to his assistance lest he should fall. He was removed from the chamber weak and sobbing as a woman.

An Englishman is now in New York who is waiting for a $200,000 gold draft from England. Meanwhile he is borrowing from gentlemen who have profound faith in human nature. Two or three of them are losing their faith. They had previously lost their common sense, and they are now likely to lose their money.

A lady in Halifax, N. S., desired the removal of her dead cat, and was informed that she must go to the senior alderman of the ward; he would then tell the Mayor, and the Mayor would tell the health inspector, the health inspector would tell the police, the police would tell the dead cat man, and the dead-cat man would inform her what day of the week she could remove the cat herself.

A New Hampshire clergyman, who was asked his price by a young man who he had just married, replied that the law gave him $2. The youth promptly handed out fifty cents, remarking "Well, that will make up $2 50 for you," and before the astonished man could explain matters, he was off with his bride on his honeymoon.

A servant girl in Pittsburg, Penn., has sued her employer for 778 weeks' wages at $3 per week. She says she began her work January 1, 1858, and has never received a cent in remuneration.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

### Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, March 17, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 110¼.

Portland Legal Tender rates, 87¾ buying, 88¼ selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 899 fine.

Wheat in Liverpool — 11s 7d@11s 10d; club 12s 3d@12s 4d.

### Eastern Freights, Etc

Under date of the 9th instant, the New York correspondent of the San Francisco *Bulletin* says that paper by telegraph the following concerning the marriage and tonnage at the East:

A silent feature of the commercial situation is the scarcity of tonnage in all Atlantic ports, and one consequent hindrance to the export trade. No relief is the demand that more than one hundred vessels have been chartered to arrive some time before they have left for United Kingdom is anticipated at present before next harvest, and for that here there is nearly a sufficient supply of wheat already purchased. Exporters seem disinclined to push the market beyond $1 00 ₩ cental.

FLOUR—The demand is tolerably good for local consumption, and prices remain at our last quotations. Some of the interior State mills have temporarily ceased manufacturing, and many others are running on short time.

OATS—Owing to diminishing receipts prices are quite firm, but as spring approaches the demand also becomes more limited. Dealers and shippers pay 60@ bushel in sacks quite freely, and but few are offering.

BARLEY—There is some inquiry for local consumption, and $1 40@1 50 ₩ ton is readily obtained.

FEED—The supply is not so large, but prices remain unchanged.

HAY—Good timothy is scarcer, and that offering changes hands readily at $16@19 ₩ ton. Wild is dull at $8@16.

POTATOES—The receipts are gradually lessening, but the new crop of California is being near at hand but few shipments are made to San Francisco, hence prices show but little tendency to advance, and are quotable at 40c ₩ bushel for good lots. Inferior varieties are lower.

ONIONS—Some small lots occasionally come to hand, but the aggregate receipts are not large. The San Francisco market is better, and ours is in sympathy with it. We quote at 2½@2¾ ₩ lb, with a good demand.

APPLES—Inferior lots are now arriving, and some have sold as low as 50c ₩ box, but they were probably injured by rot. Common command 15@25c ₩ box—more without boxes—while choice varieties, neatly boxed for shipment, sell at 30@31 ₩ box. The Yellow Newtown seems to be in favor with shippers.

EGGS—There is no important change to note, prices being quite firm and the supply about up to average, though buyers predict a decline to 20 cents per dozen in a few days. We quote at 22c.

BUTTER—The supply of choice is better than a few days ago, and though rates seem but little lower, there are indications that a fall will take place. Such is now furnished at about 40 cents. Common country made, put up in tins, cans, boxes, kegs and sacks, can hardly be quoted, but ranges from 20 to 30 cents ₩ pound.

CHEESE—Oregon made is supplied at 12@13 cents per San Francisco, March 15.—Flour—Extra, $5 02½@5 75. Wheat—Russ, $1 75@1 85

Barley—Range, $1 25@1 30; sales 150 sks bright coast, $1 25.

Oats—$2@2 20.

Hay—Cargo sold at $15 50; the best wheat brings $22@23.

Potatoes—Petaluma and Bodega, $1@1 10; Humboldt, $1@1 20.

### Markets

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—Flour—The Moriany has completed her cargo for Hong Kong. Extra, $5 b@5 @5 12½.

Wheat—1,000 sacks good, $1 80, 1,000 sacks Oregon, $1 85.

Barley—$1 25@1 35.

Oats—Good feed can be had at $2 10@2 22.

Potatoes—Humboldt firm at $1@1 20; other kinds, 90c@$1.

Dairy Products—Fresh roll butter quiet at 27½@32½c. Another car load was sent to New York Saturday.

### Puget Sound Shipping.

Bark Vilette sailed from Port Madison on the 6th inst for San Francisco.

Bark Fremont sailed from Port Blakely on the 6th for San Francisco.

The bark Forest Queen sailed from Port Ludlow on the 6th for San Francisco

Bark Gem of the Ocean arrived at Seattle on the 7th from San Francisco.

Ship James Chrsten arrived in Port Townsend on the 6th from San Francisco.

Schooner D. B. Williams arrived at Seabeck on the 6th from Iquique, Peru.

The bark Dublin arrived at Seabeck on the 6th from San Francisco.

Bark Moultor arrived at Port Townsend on the 6th, from San Pedro.

Bark Milan arrived at Port Gamble on the 8th, from San Francisco.

Bark Mary Glover arrived at Port Discovery on the 9th, from San Francisco

Brig Deacon arrived at Port Ludlow on the 9th, from San Francisco

Bark Oamya arrived at Seattle on the 9th, from San Francisco

Ship Coquimbal and Bark Chris. Mitchell arrived at Port Madison on the 9th, both from San Francisco

Ship Shirley arrived at Tacoma on the 10th, from San Francisco.

Ship Black Hawk arrived at Port Discovery on the 9 h from San Francisco.

Barkentine Emma Augusta arrived at Seattle on the 10th, from San Francisco

Bark Florence arrived at Port Blakely on the 10th, from San Francisco.

Ship Erminia Alvarez and bark Talanora both arrived at Port Gamble on the 10th from Valparaiso, Chili.

Barks Camden and Powhattan, both from San Francisco, arrived on same day.

### General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Plows — Moline, 10 to 14 inch cut, $10@27 50; Peoria, 10 to 14 inch cut, $11@16 50; Collin's B 12 and C 13, $19; Collin's Cast Cast-steel, $18 50@20. Grain Drills—Buckeye, 9 and 10-hoe, $120@125; do with broad cast attachment, $5 extra. Cultivators—Two-horse, 9 tooth, $22. Buckeye broadcast Seeder and Cultivator, $30. Clover Mills—Buckeye, two tubs, Junior, $30@32 50; do, Senior, $36@40; Hutchinson's, $27 50. Farm Wagons—$143@190. Harrow teeth, 12c ₩ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Portland manufacture calf-pegs, 4-4, and 4 boots, $72@78. Portland made kip boots, $60; J K & Co. B. B. B extra French calf pegged boots, $72 @75; J K & Co favorite heavy calf, plain or quilted, boots, $63; J. K & Co Standard's, standing edge boots, $54; gents B calf Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $53, gent's B calf Prince Edward's face stitch boots, $50, gent's cable sewed Oxford Ties, $30; gent's foxed glove top Congress shoes, $54, men's Rand's adjustable lace boots, $30, men's buckle plow shoes, full stock, $27. Inferior grades at much lower quotations. Boys' Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $25 50, boys' Prince Edward's face stitch boots, $24, boys' wax plow shoes, $10 50; youths' cable sewed Oxford ties, $18. Ladies' 8 ₩ kid fox bals, $19 50@24, ladies' J K & Co kid fox bals, $22@26 50; ladies' J K & Co plain lasting bals, $24@30, ladies' Portland made calf bals, $24@ 27; ladies' buff pegged bals, $16 50. Misses and children's proportionately less.

BAGS AND SACKING—Quotable for standard size, 10@20c as per quality and quantity, Stone Sacks, 11½@ Burlap, per yard, 14@16c.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14, dressed, $22 @30, flooring, $24@28; lath, $5 per M; shingles, $2 50; Eastern hardwood, 17@20c per foot.

BROOMS—Common, $3@4 ₩ dozen; extra, $4@6.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $3 50@4; Jams and Jellies $2 50; Los Angeles Honey, $4 50; Strawberries, $1 80; Raspberries, $1 75; Blackberries $4 00; Pine Apple, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 25@4 50; Pie Fruit, $3@3 50; Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $2@3 25; Tomatoes, $3 25,

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight; light weight 16c.

CEMENT, &c—New Jersey, $6; Astoria, $4 50; Calcined Plaster, $6. Land Plaster, $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75, San Juan Lime, $2 75.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices. Costa Rica 20½@22½; Guatemala, 20½@21; Rio and Manilla, 20½@24c; Java, 26@27c. G. P. Jones & Co.'s Ground Java, 27½c; Chartres, 25c; Phoenix Premium, 20@22c.

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum, bbls, 5c, Borax, 35@37; Blue Vitrol, 12½@13c; Potash (crude), 10c can, 6c, 22c Rosin, ₩ bbl, $12a15; Saltpetre, keg, 18@20c, Sulphur, 8@10

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 18½c (c); seconds, 13c, Sheetings, light, 11½c; medium, 12½c; standard, 14@ 15½c; home making, 9½; Hancock sheeting, 9½@10½; do, ¾, 12½c; do, 4-4, 12½@22c; cotton checks, 14@25c; fancy checks, 14@25c; gambrics 10c Cotton flannel, blanched, 10@c; do, brown, 12½@18c. Cottonades, light, 20@25c; do, heavy, 23@30c. Doeskin, Meltons, Hickory stripes, 14½@25c, Standard prints, 10c, seconds, do, 8c. Delaines, 18@20c. Linseys, 20@30c. Tickings, 15@20c; do, 4-4, 20@35c. Bear duck, 21c Satin linen, damask, brown, 35@40c, damask bleached, 40@45c. Diaper linen, 30@ 37½c. Socks, seamless, 35@40c A spaca, black, 28@35c. Waterproof, $1 10@1 25 Cranberry Ginghams—Domestic, 16@20c Scotch, 22@30c Canvas, 16@17. Percales, 17@20

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 5½@6c, packed, 7@7½c, Peaches, 12½@13c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c, Plums, pitless, 10@11, Raisins, new crop, in bxs, $4 50, bf do, $2 50, quarter $6, eighth boxes $1, 25@30c Currants, 14c; Oregon do 12@12c, Citron, 30@35c.

FISH—Cod, Ps fits, 10c, Eastern, 11c; Mackerel, No 1's, ₩ bf bbl, $11 75, do No 2 $11 50 do Kits, No 1, $2 50, do No 2, $2 25; Salmon, pickled, extra brands, bf bbl, $4 50@5, bbl, $7 50@8, common brands, bf bbls, $4 00@4 50; bbls, $6 50@7 00 Canned salmon, fresh, 2 lb cans, $3 00 per doz; 1 lb, $2 25. Sardines, qrs, $3 25, kits, 75.

LIQUORS—Our market, jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@6. Rye do $2 50@4. Domestic do $1 50@2. Brandy—French brands $4@5, California brandy $3@6 California wheat whisky $1 37½, and the advance. Gin—Holland, $3 50@6, Old Tom, $2 25 50. Rum—Prime $5 50@6; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50. New England, $2@2 50, Jamaica, $4@6

METAL—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco, 5c, refined bar, 3 ₩ lb, 4½c; Sheet 14 to 20, 10@c; do 24 to 27, 10c Copper—Sheathing, 30 lb, 42c, do Yellow, 43c, do bronzed tinned, 63c; do old, 16c Tin plate—Plates charcoal, IX per box, $10 50, do IC char, $12 50, Bunting Plates, $17 50 per box. Tin slabs ₩ lb, 32½c. Steel—English cast steel ₩ lb 18c. Lead—Pig ₩ lb 9c 10c, Sheet 15c; Pipe 12. Bar 13@12½. Zinc—Sheets ₩ lb 11c. Rubber metal, 30@40, Quicksilver, 90c. Present ware has advanced 25@30 ₩ 3c

NAILS—Quotable 10 to 40d per keg, $4 75, 8d 25c per keg advance, 6d, 50c per keg advance; 4d and 5d, 75c per keg advance; cut spikes, 50c per keg advance on the price of 10d, fence, 25c per keg advance on same size of common nails; finishing and brads, 50c per keg advance on same size of common nails; box nails 50c per keg advance on same size common nails

NUTS—Almonds, 20@25c, Brazil, 20c Filberts, 20; Hickory, 2c; Peanut, 10c; Pecan, 28c Walnuts, 15c.

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots for Devoe's, 45cts; Downer's, 60@65c; Standard, 50c, Crystalline (5-gal cans), 50c; Crystaline (2-gal cans) 55c, Gaslight, 60@62½; China Nut, 92½@97½ Lard, in coast, extra, $1 25; No 1, $1 10; in barrels, extra, $1 10; No. 1, $1; Castor, $1 75@1 80; Machine, 35c@$1 15. Linseed, $1 15@1 20 for Salem.

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical per gal, $2 75, Atlantic, 13½@14, Bartlett, 11 @12; North River, 11; Greenback, 10½, Guardian zinc white, 10, Devoe's zinc white, 12; lamplblack, Ruby's, 60 @60, Germantown, 10@60; ordinary, 8@60, Venetian red, 6@8; Havre Ochre, 5@7; red lead, 12½@13½ Litharge, 13@14, fire proof, 6@6 cents.

RICE—China, 7½@8c; Patna, 8c; Island, 10c; Carolina, 12½c.

HOPS—Market firm at 20c ₩ lb in jobbing lots.

SALT—Ground Rock, $17 ₩ ton; Carmen Island, $20 @22½; Liverpool coarse, $25; fine, $30@35 ₩ 10.

STARCH—The agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 9½c pure, 12-lb boxes 10½c; 1-lb papers, 11½c; silver gloss, 6-lb boxes, 12½c, 1-lb papers, 13c; corn, 1-lb papers, 10c.

SYRUP—A fair demand exists at prices ranging from, in kegs, 50@62½c; bf bbls, 46@47½c; bbls, 42½@46c.

SALERATUS—Barton's, 5½@6c; Donnelly's, 6½@7c; Babbitt's, 10@10½c.

SPICES—Puppered Allspice, in grain 20c; Cinnamon 45@50c, Cloves, 40@50c; Nutmegs, $1 20@1 25. Spices in glass: Pepper, Ginger and Allspice, $1 60 ₩ doz. Cinnamon, $2; Mustard $1 75.

SUGARS—The market to-day is weak for Island at 8@8 10c; Yellow and Golden C, in bbls, 10½@ 10¾c; in bf bbls ¼c higher; Crushed, 12½c in bbls; in bbls 12@13½; Powdered, 13@13½.

SOAP—Quotable firm for B. Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 7@7½c.

TEAS—Stocks on hand good, with demand dull as the following ranges: young hyson, 90@95 30 per lb; black, 50@100c per lb; Japan, in papers, 50@62½ per lb; lacquered box, 65c to 80c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1 16@1 20 ₩ gal.

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—We quote agents' rates as follows (the first figure only, last for cash): For Blankets (Family) A, $16, B, $13 50; C, $11 50; E, $10 50; F, $9 50, G, $9 50; other descriptions 4 pt Grey, $8 00@8 50; 3 pt $7 00@7 25; 3 pt black border Grey, $6 50@6 75; 4 pt Vienna, $11@11 25, 3 pt, $8 50@8 75; 4 pt scarlet, $12 50 @13; 3 pt, $9 00@9 75; 4 pt Green, $10 50@10 75, 3 pt $8@8 25; 4 pt Blue, $10 50@10 75; 3 pt, $8@8 25; No. 2 Indian, $9@9 25. Flannel Clothing for 10 dozen (fair figures for regular and best for extra sizes): Grey Overshirts, $21 ₩ dozen; Grey Undershirts, $21@22; Scarlet Undershirts, $22@25; Fancy Cassimere Overshirts, extra size, $30@35 ₩ doz Fancy Check Overshirts, $25 00. Flannels, per yard, blue inked twilled, 50@60c; Scarlet, 50@60c; White, 50@c; Fancy Plaid, 37½@50c; plain colored, 35@50c; plain checked, 50c. Henry Cassh, per yard; plush, $2 25; fancy, $2 25. Cloths, per yard: Hard Times, $3@3 12½; Cassimeres, $1 25@1 75; Doeskin, $1 25@2; Tweed, $1 00@1 00; Yarns, $1 37½@1 75.

WHALE OIL POWDER—Proctor & Merrill, $20@27 50; Hannford's, $22 50@23; Jones' $22 50@24; Donnelly's, $22 50@24.

### Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers:

| GREEN FRUITS. | | CANNED GOODS | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | ₩ box. | | ₩ doz. |
| Oranges, per doz | 100 | Oysters, 2-lb cans | 4 00@5 00 |
| Limes, per doz | 25 | do 1-lb cans | 3 00@3 50 |
| Cocoanuts, each | 12 | Lobsters, 2-lb cans | 3 75@4 50 |
| Cala Grapes, ₩ lb | 20 | do 1-lb cans | 2 25@3 00 |
| Cranberries, ₩ gal | 75a 00 | Sardines, qr-tins | 2 00@4 00 |
| Lemons, per doz | 75a1 00 | do half-tins | 1 00@2 00 |
| Peaches, ₩ lb | | Clams | 1 25@2 00 |
| Apples, ₩ box | 75@$1 00 | Green corn, 2lb cans | 1 60@2 00 |
| Plums, ₩ lb | | " Peas, 2lb cans | 1 60@2 00 |
| | | " Beans, 2lb cans | 1 60@2 00 |
| DRIED FRUIT. | | Tomatoes, 2lb cans | 1 50@2 00 |
| | ₩ lb. | Peaches, 2½lb cans | 2 00@2 50 |
| Figs, Cal | 10@20 | Pine apples, 2lb cans | 2 25@3 50 |
| Figs, Asia Min, new | 22@27 | Strawberries, " | 1 40@1 60 |
| Figs, " old | 20@25 | Blackberries, " | 1 40@1 60 |
| Apples | 10 | Apricots, 2lb cans | 3 00@3 50 |
| Plums, pitless | 20@25 | Jellies, in tins | 1 50@1 60 |
| Prunes, Ger. & French | 20@25 | Quinces, in tins | 1 50@1 60 |
| Pears | 10@20 | Mushrooms, ₩ lb | 50@60 |
| Bananas, ₩ doz | $1 00 | | |
| GROCERIES. | | SAUCES, ETC. | |
| | ₩ lb. | | pts. qts. |
| Coffee, ground | 20a37 | Worcester Sauce | 1 50 2 50 |
| do green C. R | 22a26 | Catsup, Tomato | 1 50 2 00 |
| do " Rio | 20 | do Mushroom | 1 50 2 00 |
| do " Java | 30a32 | Capers | 2 00 3 00 |
| do Mocha | 40 | Curry Powders | 1 50 2 00 |
| Sugar, crushed | 13½ | Mustard, French | 1 75 2 50 |
| do pulverized | 13½ | do Cal | 1 25 1 50 |
| do granulated | 13 | Pickles, English | pts 1 00 |
| do Yellow | 11 | " " | qts 2 00 |
| do Island No. 1 | 13a14 | | |
| do " No. 2 | 12a10 | NUTS. | |
| do " extra | 12½ | | ₩ lb. |
| Milk, condensed | 25 | Almonds | 20a25 |
| Candles, adamantine | 20a25 | Walnuts | 20a25 |
| do Paraffine | 33a37 | Brazil | 25a30 |
| do Sperm | 62 | Filberts | 20a25 |
| Oil, Kerosene ₩ gal | 75 | Peanuts | 15a20 |
| Syrup, Golden, ₩ gal | 75 | Pecan | 25a30 |
| Tea— | ₩ lb. | Chestnuts | 25 |
| Gunpowder | $1 25a1 50 | Hickory | 25 |
| Imperial | 1 25a1 50 | | |
| Young Hyson | 1 10a1 50 | GAME. | |
| Hyson | 1 00a1 25 | | pairs. |
| Eng. Breakfast | 90a1 25 | Ducks | 0@75 |
| Japan | 75a 90 | Geese | 1 50 |
| PROVISIONS, ETC. | | Swan | 2 00 |
| Butter— | ₩ lb. | Grouse | 75 |
| Fancy Dairy | 50 | Pheasants | 0@ |
| Good | 40a45 | Venison, ₩ lb | 10a 12 |
| Ordinary | 25a30 | | |
| Cooking | 20 | FISH. | |
| Cheese, California | 20 | | ₩ lb. |
| do Eastern | 25 | Eastern Cod | 10 |
| do Oregon | 25 | Pacific Cod | 8a12 |
| Hams, country | 18 | Sturgeon | 8 |
| do city | 20a22 | Salmon | 8a 10 |
| " do Sugar-cured | 22½a25 | Desiccated Cod | 20 |
| Shoulders | 11@13 | Mackerel, ₩ kit | 2 50a3 00 |
| Bacon, Clear Sides | 16a20 | Fresh Oysters ₩ 100 | 75 |
| do Breakfast | 18 | | |
| Lard— | | VEGETABLES. | |
| Pure Leaf, in tins | 17a18 | | ₩ lb. |
| Good, in tins | 16 | Squash | 2 |
| In bulk | 15 | Beets | 3 |
| Honey, Yellow Comb | 25 | Onions | 4 |
| do White | 37 | Carrots | 3 |
| Eggs, per doz | 20 | Turnips | 3 |
| | | Garlic | 8 |
| BREADSTUFFS. | | Celery, ₩ doz | 2 00 |
| Flour— | ₩ sack. | Cabbage, ₩ doz | 75a1 00 |
| Fancy brands | 1 60 | Cauliflower ₩ doz | 2 00 |
| Choice | 1 25 | Potatoes, new | 1½ |
| Common | 1 00 | Asparagus | 50 |
| Graham, &c | 1 50 | Lettuce, per doz | 75 |
| Corn meal, Cal ₩ lb | 4a5 | | |
| do Oregon | 4a5 | MEATS. | |
| POULTRY. | | | ₩ lb. |
| | ₩ pair. | Beef | 10a12 |
| Hens, grown | 1 00a1 25 | do choice cuts | 15a20 |
| Roosters, " | 1 25 | Mutton | 12a15 |
| Spring chickens | 1 00 | do choice cuts | 20 |
| Ducks, tame | 1 50 | Veal | 12a15 |
| Geese, " | 3 00 | Pork | 12a16 |
| Turkeys | 4 00 | do choice cuts | 2 |

**Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.**—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings each month. By order of the W. M.

**Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.**—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner first and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

**Oasis Lodge No. 25, I. O. O. F.**—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G


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